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This Week—

By M. I. N. I.

Welcome home, General Pershing. America appreciates the honor extended by Varennes-en-Argonne in making you an honorary citizen, but we are glad your duties permit you to return to us for a while.

* * *

History has scarce a parallel of the ceremony in Manila this week, when President Manuel Quezon assumed office in the first step toward the complete independence of the Islands. The presence there of Vice President Garner, Secretary Dern, and General MacArthur lends uniqueness to this unprecedented step.

* * *

As one seldom hears from Samoa, so no news is good news and naval administration is good administration. Capt. MacGillivray Milne, USN, now is ordered to command the Naval Station at Tutuila and to be governor of American Samoa.

* * *

The heartfelt farewell extended by the personnel of the Panama Canal Department to Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Harold B. Fiske attests to his wise and thoughtful administration. A salute, General!

* * *

Former Secretary Baker puts down for all who will read his emphatic refutation of the popular conception of the munition manufacturers' influence on our entrance into the World War. However, there are other sources whose utterances will remain unhampered by facts.

* * *

San Francisco selects Brig. Gen. William E. Gillmore, USA-Ret., for a high post in the preparation of its 1938 World's Fair. Again, service trained men show their value to their communities.

* * *

President Roosevelt praises the functioning of Naval Communications during his tour aboard the USS Houston. This vital phase of naval activities merits being kept up-to-the-minute with the best of equipment, Mr. President.

* * *

Apparently the Army and Navy in purchasing its "arms, ammunition and implements of war" will have to determine which are dealers only and which are manufacturers, importers or exporters, thus they will aid in the enforcement of the neutrality resolution.

* * *

A salute for Maj. Gen. Lytle Brown, USA, who has assumed command of the Panama Canal Department. As an engineer and former chief of engineers protection of one of the greatest creations of an Army engineer will be a task close to his heart.

* * *

Birthday greetings to Col. Clyde E. Hawkins, USA-Ret. The service is glad you are living at San Antonio near so many Army folk. Best Wishes!

Endorse Auto Allowances

Consideration of the creation of an automobile allowance for members of the military and naval services who use their privately owned cars on official business was advocated this week by Brig. Gen. Hugh Matthews, The Quartermaster of the Marine Corps.

"Unquestionably," General Matthews told the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, "officers find it necessary in many instances to use their personally owned automobiles in the performance of their official duties and if it could be worked out so that an adequate allowance could be set up to compensate the officer for fuel, lubrication and wear and tear on his automobile, it would appear to be only fair and reasonable. The matter is deserving of consideration."

The need for a monetary allowance for commissioned and non-commissioned officers who use their privately owned cars on Government business was clearly brought out in a survey recently conducted by the JOURNAL. From answers to a questionnaire sent out to a large number of posts and stations, it was shown that there was at least one privately-owned car for each officer, and that with few exceptions the autos were used on official business from 10 to 90 per cent of the time they were in operation.

(Continued on Next Page)

Senate Group Extends Air Inquiry to Services

Army and Navy aviation, the subject of numerous investigations since their establishment, are about to undergo still another inquiry. The Senate special subcommittee investigating aircraft accidents and possible safety precautions, created as the result of the death of Senator Bronson Cutting in a commercial airplane crash, is broadening its scope to include the military and naval services. It was learned this week.

The resolution creating the Cutting committee directs an investigation into accidents and precautionary measures in interstate aircraft activities and the operation of planes by government agencies. The committee has decided under this authority to go into the question of crashes occurring during the time the Army flew the air mail and to take up generally the question of Army and Navy aviation safety.

Lt. Col. H. E. Hartney, Air-Res., technical advisor to the Committee, told the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL yesterday that the committee is getting information from the War and Navy Departments as to accidents and safety precautions.

"The high competitiveness of commercial aviation," Colonel Hartney said, "has resulted in many improvements in regard to safety in flying. The commercial companies have had to fly in all sorts of weather and we want to make sure that the Army and Navy has the benefit of these advances. There is also the question of the use of commercial flying fields by service planes. Later we expect to determine just how far it will be necessary to go into the service field."

Dirigible Committee to Report in January

The Durand committee, appointed last March to consider and make recommendations as to the future construction of airships will meet in Washington, D. C., during the Christmas holidays and submit a preliminary report early in January, the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL learned this week.

While the group had planned to submit a report last month, the difficulty of getting members together for a full committee meeting has resulted in delays. Following the postponement of the report in October, it was planned to submit it the latter part of this month. But this proving impractical, a meeting has been definitely set for the holiday season.

The committee's finding and recommendations will be embodied in a series of reports to be submitted one after another, each dealing with some particular phase of the general problem. The first of these, to be drafted and presented at the December session, will outline the general trend of the committee's conclusions and give its recommendations regarding the future. With the eight members of the committee scattered over the country much of the research has been done individually. There have been relatively few meetings of the full committee and no hearings held.

There has been no word as to the nature of the recommendations of the group, though there are rumors that it will oppose the construction of any more large airships by the Navy. The committee, composed of prominent scientists and engineers, is of course not considering the feasibility of lighter-than-air as a naval weapon. The final conclusion as to the Government's future course with dirigible development will depend upon their conclusions as to the general possibilities of lighter-than-air and the views of naval officials as to its naval future. While the Navy's lighter-than-air men still strongly favor construction of dirigible replacements for the Macon and Akron, the general service opinion is apparently against it.

The Durand committee was appointed last winter after the Macon disaster at the request of the Secretary of the Navy to "review and analyze the past and present situation as to the design and construction of airships and to make recommendation as to their future design and construction." It was appointed by the Science Advisory Board of the National Academy of Sciences, and is headed by Dr. William F. Durand, Professor Emeritus of Mechanical Engineering, Stanford University. The other members are:

Theodor von Karman, Professor of Aerodynamics and Director of the Daniel Guggenheim Laboratory, California Institute of Technology.

William Hovgaard, Professor of Naval Design, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Stephen Timoshenko, Professor of Engineering Mechanics, University of Michigan.

Alfred V. de Forest, Associate Pro-

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General Craig Outlines National Defense Views

In his first public address since becoming Chief of Staff, General Malin Craig, USA, this week asserted that reasonably adequate defense for the United States should consist of a navy at least the equal of others and a small but highly efficient Army supplied with the latest and best equipment.

"We do not want, and I do not believe we need," the General declared, "a standing army large enough to defend ourselves against a great military power, or a coalition of such powers. Our main reliance in the future, as in the past, will be on the great body of patriotic citizens who enroll under the old flag whenever the country is in danger. We do need a Regular Army of sufficient size to garrison our coast defenses, to protect our overseas territory, to train the new forces, and, with the support of our splendid National Guard, to sustain and repel the initial attack of an aggressive foe."

General Craig made these remarks in the course of his address at the dedication and unveiling of the frieze of the Liberty Memorial at Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 10. The full text of his address follows:

"To return to Missouri under any circumstances is for me a great pleasure, for I am proud of my Missouri lineage. Both of my grandfathers were residents of Missouri. One served with Missouri troops in Mexico during the Mexican War and the other commanded a brigade of Missouri troops in the War between the States. My father was born in Missouri and, as some of the older members of this audience may recall, commanded a regiment of Kansas City youths in the Spanish War. I, myself, was born at St. Joseph, only a few miles from this spot. Though my military duties have often taken me many miles from Missouri I have always been eager to return and renew the friendships I have long cherished with the people of Missouri and Kansas. To come back at this time and to be privileged to assist in the dedicatory ceremonies that complete this great memorial to my comrades who made the supreme sacrifice in the Great War is an honor as great as it is undeserved."

"When ground was first broken for this memorial there was gathered here a galaxy of military heroes whose achievements rank with the greatest in all history. Included in the group were Marshal Foch, the supreme commander of the Allied forces, General Diaz of Italy, Admiral Beatty of Great Britain, General Baron Jacques of Belgium, and that gallant son of Missouri, General John J. Pershing, whose brilliant leadership brought triumph to American arms. When the main structures of this beautiful memorial were completed they were dedicated in the presence of the late great President, Calvin Coolidge. Now in the company of the public-spirited citizens of Kansas City and their Missouri and Kansas neighbors we are marking the culmination of the great dream of Kansas City to enshrine on this spot an (Please turn to Page 207)

Prospects for Peace Viewed with Doubtful Hope As Armistice Day Is Observed

Hope mixed with doubt is the note struck by American newspapers in comment on the observance of Armistice Day and the wish for peace enunciated on that day. Practically every editor sees the prospects for world peace as fading, but calls upon the Nation to make renewed efforts to prevent war. A sharp division as to what to do to prevent war is evident, with some papers calling for isolation on the part of the United States, and others declaring in favor of world cooperation against aggressors.

"Armistice Day is celebrated this year with mixed emotions," states the New York *Times*. "We in this country have not forgotten the quickened and united national spirit with which we entered the war, nor the sense of relief and hope which animated us all when we saw it end. There have since been many disappointments and disillusionments, but the things for which we stood a score of years ago are still fundamental in our convictions. The nation wishes more than ever to exert its strength for peace. ***"

"It may be hoped that this Armistice Day will, by its reflections and impulses, help to bring about another much-desired Armistice. By this is not meant simply an ending of the unhappy Ethiopian war, but a general agreement throughout the world that the principles of the Covenant of the League of Nations and of the Briand-Kellogg treaty must by universal agreement and united action be made to prevail over the force of arms in settling disputes between nations."

"The tribute which Americans today pay to those who served in the World War is coupled with a determination that never again shall the United States be lured into sending its sons to foreign battlefields," the Washington *Times*'s comments. "The observance of Armistice Day this year finds the enmities and jealousies of European nations at a peak."

"They have apparently forgotten or disregarded the lessons of the war which ended on this day in 1918.

"Not so the United States. ***"

"This country wants and WILL HAVE PEACE."

"Not the peace of the craven, but the peace of an honorable nation moving about its own concerns, steadfast to its own purposes and confident of its ability to withstand attack."

"THE COURSE OF PEACE WHICH AMERICA PURPOSES HEREAFTER TO TRAVEL CANNOT BE WALKED BY THE DEFENSELESS."

"It cannot be followed by the unwary."

"For if we are without adequate defense there will be nations which will attempt to FORCE war upon us."

"November 11, 1935, finds the world sorely in need of a new armistice," says the Baltimore *Sun*. "No commemoration of those who died in the last war is tolerable that does not take some accounting of the present and future. It puts bitter enough strain upon reason to try to reconcile that savage slaughter of millions with any purpose that mankind's conscience could abide. What, then, is to be said of admission that it was all to no purpose, or that, whatever the purpose was, it has been forgotten, abandoned, overruled in less than two decades? Yet something in the nature of the appalling confession must be made if a universal memory and will are to resurrect and reassert that purpose. *** It is something that everywhere

Endorse Auto Allowances (Continued from First Page)

Practically every post declared that the use of an automobile was necessary to the proper discharge of an officers' duties and that Government transportation was inadequate or entirely lacking. In view of the fact that the officer must not only purchase the car but must also furnish the gasoline and oil for its operation while on official business, it is suggested that the Government should provide a monetary allowance, similar to that formerly paid for maintenance of a private mount.

The question was raised at the last session of Congress, by Maj. Gen. Louis A. Bash, Quartermaster General of the Army who called the matter to the attention of the House Military Affairs Committee. Legislation is expected to be introduced in Congress next January to provide some compensation for the personnel involved. General Bash has said that inasmuch as "every officer very properly buys an automobile as part of his equipment" he hopes to "see the time arrive when Congress will see fit to make provision for aiding such an officer."

It has been pointed out in connection with the movement that it is an almost universal practice in private industry to compensate employees for the use of personal automobiles on company business. The Government, it is felt, should do likewise.

U. S. Wins Military Horse Trophy

1st Lt. Raymond W. Curtis, Cav., USA, riding the U. S. Army Team's bay gelding "Don," won the international individual military championship at the National Horse Show in New York City's Madison Square Garden Nov. 11. Lieutenant Curtis rode the course perfectly the first time and then had a jump off with Captain Mann of the Canadian Army and Captain Raguse of the United States, winning the silver trophy presented by Alfred B. McClay.

Captain Mann of the Canadian Army,

riding "Peggy McNeill," came second; Capt. Carl W. A. Raguse, Cav., USA, riding "Ugly," won third place; and Lieutenant Vilcher, of the Chilean Army, riding "Caupolicán," fourth.

Capt. John W. Wofford, Cav., USA, won the Charles L. Scott Challenge Cup for officers' charges with his "Diplomat."

1936 Army Retirements

The War Department has compiled the following line of retirements for age (64 years) or other cause during the calendar year 1936, (all retirements are effective on the last day of the month):

Col. Harry LaT. Cavenaugh, Cav., Jan. 8.
Maj. Gen. Robert E. Cullinan, Jan. 31.
Col. Thomas M. Spaulding, AGD, Jan. 31.
Col. Robert P. Howell, C. of E., Jan. 31.
Col. Jennings B. Wilson, AGD, Feb. 2.
Col. John A. Brockman, Inf., Feb. 11.
Col. Edward P. O'Hearn, OD, Feb. 28.
Maj. Gen. Haldstead Dorey, Feb. 29.
Maj. Gen. Louis H. Bash, The QMG, March 7.

Col. Thomas A. Roberts, Cav., March 21.

Col. Alvord Van P. Anderson, Cav., April 10.

Col. Howard C. Price, Inf., April 15.

Maj. Gen. Dennis E. Nolan, April 22.

Capt. John R. Balley, QMC, April 24.

Maj. Gen. Paul B. Malone, May 8.

Col. Russell P. Reeder, CAC, May 9.

Col. Elliott M. Norton, Inf., June 2.

Col. Russell C. Langdon, Inf., June 20.

Lt. Col. Henry L. Rice, OD, June 27.

Col. John P. McAdams, Inf., June 29.

Col. Walter T. Bates, Inf., Aug. 1.

Brig. Gen. Ernest D. Scott, Sept. 6.

Col. Carl A. Martin, Infantry, Sept. 9.

Lt. Col. Harry M. Trippie, CE, Sept. 14.

Maj. Gen. Frank Parker, Sept. 21.

Col. Clarence R. Day, FA, Sept. 23.

Brig. Gen. Hamilton S. Hawkins, Sept. 25.

Brig. Gen. James B. Gowen, Sept. 25.

Maj. Gen. Frank C. Bolles, Sept. 25.

Brig. Gen. Casper H. Conrad, Sept. 26.

Col. Harris Pendleton, Inf., Oct. 31.

Maj. Gen. John F. Preston, Nov. 5.

(His tour expires Nov. 30, 1935 and he will revert to permanent grade of Colonel.)

Col. Jacob C. Johnson, CAC, Nov. 17.

Maj. Gen. Lytle Brown, Nov. 22.

Brig. Gen. Arthur S. Conklin, CAC, Nov. 27.

Col. Alexander B. Coxe, Cav., Dec. 3.

Col. Walter B. McCaskey, Inf., Dec. 8.

Brig. Gen. Charles E. Kilbourne, Dec. 23.

in America today will be an occasion for commemorating not only those who died but also the cause in which they believed and for which they died. If through the very recognition that war kills cause together with men, that cause—the making of an end to war—can be brought back to life, then an armistice deeper and more lasting than any signed by generals and governments in 1918 may be declared."

"Armistice Day, 1935, has an aspect of hollow mockery that cannot be denied," the Washington *Star* declares. "The anniversary finds the earth afflicted by passions and hatreds, ambitions of greedy aggrandizement and fears of retribution so much like those of 1914 as to indicate the eventual outbreak of another and perhaps more cataclysmic conflict. Nations, it seems, have learned nothing from experience. The hope for peace is strong among the masses. Perhaps never before since history first was written has there been such universal distrust of the processes of contest. *** The will to harmony and tolerance is growing steadily stronger, and its final triumph cannot be delayed forever."

"As hostilities rage in northern Africa and war clouds hover again over the Far East, American veterans of the World War have good reason to ponder over the sacrifices they made for the sake of peace, and to wonder just how worthwhile those sacrifices were," the Newport, R. I., *News* states.

"The war to end war failed in its purpose. Jealousies and rivalries among other nations have not been subdued since 1918. Our country stands isolated from antagonisms among the nations of the world, and we ever hope for peace. But the danger of aggression against us is always present. That is why we must maintain a national defense sufficient to resist any hostile nation's aggression."

"Such a thought, possibly, might well be omitted from contemplation of the significance of Armistice Day. Still, the failure of the world to maintain international peace requires that our country, desiring to live in concord with the rest of mankind, support an adequate national defense until world peace is an actuality, not merely an aspiration."

The New York *American* says: "On this Armistice Day, 1935, after we have paid our tribute to our dead, let Americans wherever they meet resolve that we shall never be drawn again into a war except a war in which we shall defend ourselves against foreign attack or invasion."

"Stay out of European shambles—and protect ourselves on sea, land and in the air against anyone who challenges our right to mind our own business!"

"Present sentiment in the United States is overwhelmingly in favor of keeping out of war," states the Rochester *Times-Union*.

"We deeply honor today the memory of our soldiers who gave their lives in the Great War."

"In remembering them, in paying full measure of respect to our honored dead, we should be the more determined to subordinate all temporary commercial gains to the aim of avoiding another such sacrifice."

"Both those who consider only the immediate effect on the United States, and those who see great ultimate advantage for this country in sustaining the principle of collective action to check wars, can thus unite in refusing to permit our resources to be used to sustain war."

a private first class at Governors Island.

General Pershing has been in France in connection with his work for the Battle Monuments Commission.

Greet General Pershing

When General John J. Pershing, General of the Armies, arrived in New York City Thursday evening, Nov. 14 on the S. S. Washington, he was met at the pier by an officer who was his aide in Mexico and in France, by an enlisted man who was his orderly in the Philippines and who later was an officer at GHQ, AEF, and by a representative of Maj. Gen. Dennis E. Nolan, who was Pershing's G-2 in France.

The two Army officers and the enlisted man who greeted General Pershing were:

Lt. Col. James L. Collins, GSC; Capt. Carlisle V. Allan, Inf., ADC, and Private First Class Floyd C. Mims, all on duty at Governors Island, N. Y.

Colonel Collins, a former American Military Attaché to Rome, was aide to General Pershing from 1913 to 1918, going overseas with Pershing in 1917. He is now Assistant Chief of Staff, G-4, of the Second Corps Area. He is a native of Louisiana and a graduate of West Point, 1907.

Captain Allan is aide de camp to General Nolan, and represented the Commanding General of the First Army and of the Second Corps Area in welcoming General Pershing back to the United States.

Private First Class Mims was a sergeant-orderly to General Pershing from 1908 to 1911 in the Philippine Islands when General Pershing was Commanding General of Mindanao and Governor General of the Moro Provinces.

In August, 1917, Mims went to France and was commissioned a Captain, Quartermaster Corps. He resigned his commission in 1920 and went to live in Philadelphia, Pa. Mims reenlisted in the Army this year (1935) and now is

Formal hearings before the Bureau of the Budget on the Navy's 1937 estimates were concluded yesterday. No announcement as to its contents will be made until the President's budget message is transmitted to Congress. However, it is regarded as certain that the Navy's request for an additional 6,500 men and for a 1937 building program consisting of 12 destroyers and 6 submarines will be granted. The only uncertainty is as to the replacement battleship, and this is only delayed because of the London conference. When, as is expected, the meeting breaks up without result, the Administration intends to insert funds in next year's budget for laying down a capital ship to replace the Arkansas.

The Journal Salutes

This week the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL salutes:

Col. Raymond F. Metcalfe, MC, USA, upon his selection to be head of the important surgical service at Walter Reed General Hospital.

Maj. Gen. Lytle Brown, USA, who this week assumed command of the Panama Canal Department.

Capt. MacGillivray Milne, USN, who has been assigned to command of the Naval Station at Tutuila, Samoa, and as governor of American Samoa.

General Craig's Address

(Continued from First Page)

altar of remembrance, dedicated to pure patriotism.

"No words that I might speak, indeed, no words that the most brilliant orator could utter, could properly dedicate this shrine. It was hallowed by the sacrifice of those whose names are here inscribed, a sacrifice made on distant fields. This memorial of majestic proportions with its high altar floating on the night air far above your busy city is merely a half-material, half-ethereal concept of that sacrifice."

"When the Great War came to America, thousands of the youth of Kansas City went gallantly forth at their country's call. With eagerness they vied to serve the nation. No duty was too hazardous, no mission too perilous for these young soldiers. With a song on their lips they pressed forward and laughed at privations. Hundreds of them failed to return. Many of them sleep in foreign lands, their graves honored and their memory revered by a grateful people they helped to save. Their valor and their sacrifice will live as long as traditions of brave men unafraid to die shall live. We have no power to compensate them for their service. Their patriotism was beyond price. We may only cherish their memory and attempt to transfer to this memorial some tangible appreciation of the intangible qualities of honor, valor, loyalty and sacrifice, which characterized their life and glorified their death."

"I have been charmed to learn how the artists and architects have caught the spirit of our national life and character at its best and embodied it in this deathless memorial. This shrine serves no utilitarian purpose, with only an incidental reference to our dead. Its purpose is not merely primarily, but entirely and solely, a tribute to the patriotism so nobly exemplified by our heroic comrades who gave their young lives to their country."

"This beautiful shrine is an architectural masterpiece. Here have been employed Ruskin's Seven Lamps of Architecture—Sacrifice, Truth, Power, Beauty, Life, Memory, Obedience."

"All elements of this mighty memorial are necessary to produce a perfect ensemble, but the great shaft has a particular appeal to the heart of the soldier. High above the earth the sky is perpetually lighted by the Flame of Inspiration, ever guarded by the armed figures of Honor, Courage, Patriotism and Sacrifice. These emblems typify the ideal qualities of a soldier—attributes so fittingly ascribed to those Kansas City youths whose names are borne on the roll of honor within Memory Hall."

"As an ornamentation entirely in keeping with the power and dignity of the shrine we are this evening dedicating the Great Frieze. Carved upon a great wall are figures, rich in symbolism, that depict the horrors of war and the blessings of peace. The frieze has caught the gamut of the emotions, the range of human vicissitudes. From the destruction of war we pass through desolation, death, sorrow, memory, and rejoicing to the development of art, music, agriculture and industry, the constructive forces of peace. This great work of art completes your great memorial. It deservedly ranks with the artistic triumphs

of all time and it gives to the American soldier and sailor a tribute richly merited.

"While the American soldier possesses the lofty attributes here typified it would be wrong to ascribe to him the austerity we sometimes associate with sculptured virtue. The American soldier as I know him is not a plaster saint, nor an image of honor done in frozen marble. He is a light, buoyant character, filled with a love of life and laughter. Gallantly he goes into battle, an impudent song on his lips. He greets hardships and reverses with a jest. But when he is weakened from wounds and physical exhaustion he still staggers forward, ever forward. It is those qualities of honor, loyalty, courage and sacrifice, deep in his soul, that keep alive the flame of inspiration to urge him onward.

"Nearly a score of years have run their course since the first Armistice Day brought a welcome close to the hostilities of the World War. The youngest survivor is now approaching middle age. More and more the veterans of the great struggle are looking toward the hooded past, rather than to the veiled future. But it is the future that is important.

"In the great war years of 1917 and 1918 the nation committed its life to the vigil of its armed defenders. No man may say when history shall be repeated. Are the defenders of the future spiritually prepared for their task? Have the qualities of honor, loyalty, courage, and sacrifice been implanted in the hearts of the rising generation? I believe they have and that the youth of today possess the same rugged patriotism and devotion to duty that were exemplified by his parents and grandparents in time of national peril.

"However, eternal vigilance is the price of liberty. A new generation that has no recollection of the World War is now coming to adult life. It is subjected to all sorts of subversive propaganda by a very small but a very vocal minority. The sacrifices of our citizens in past wars are derided. 'He leases at scars who never felt a wound.' The duty of counteracting such propaganda devolves on every good citizen, but especially on the World War Veterans and on the members of our great patriotic societies. The tribute to American patriotism enshrined in this memorial is an effective answer to the sneers of the disloyal.

"I trust that my comrades of the World War will take more than a passing interest in building the patriotic character of our rising generation. The veteran of the Great War should not, indeed, must not, be indifferent to the attacks made on our institutions.

"By his loyal and devoted service in a national crisis he has demonstrated his conviction that American citizenship carries with it obligations as well as privileges. Those obligations are not confined to military service. All conflicts are not waged on the battlefield. 'Peace hath her victories no less renowned than war.' Your obligation to serve is a continuing one and one that was not fully discharged when you were mustered out of the army and navy. Upon you there rests a solemn civic duty to enlighten the youth of today by precept and example in the duties and high character of American citizenship. This includes the vigilant guardianship of American principles from assaults of whatever character or from whatever source.

"A favorite target for attack by those who scoff at patriotism is our national defense. We are repeatedly told of the dangers of militarism inherent in our Army and Navy, of the menace of military training in our schools and colleges. These attacks rest on the wholly false premise that the existence of an army and a navy is a potent cause of war. In our short national life we have had six major conflicts and numerous other occasions for the use of military or naval force. Yet not one of these was caused by the Army or the Navy. It cannot be too often repeated that our defense forces exist not for the purpose of waging war, but for preserving or

reestablishing peace.

"No military man, no war veteran wants war. He knows all too well its horrors and the suffering, the sorrow and the waste that it occasions. He knows, however, that in economic readjustments, pressure of population, desire for territorial expansion, quest for raw materials, old hates, old jealousies, and discordant national aspirations there is an ever-present possibility of international friction that may generate enough heat to cause a world conflagration. If unhappily our nation is plunged into war the decision is made by the people, not by the soldier. The nation's defender receives his orders from the civil authorities, who are carrying out the mandate of the people.

"Perpetual peace is an ideal for which we all should strive. However, there is nothing in the present international situation that indicates the immediate attainment of this goal. Hence ordinary prudence would dictate that in the absence of some clearer indication of a permanent peace our country should maintain a reasonably adequate defense establishment. This, I would say, should consist of a navy at least the equal of any other maritime power, and of a small, but highly efficient army, supplied with the latest and best of military equipment. We do not want, and I do not believe we need, a standing army large enough to defend ourselves against a great military power, or a coalition of such powers. Our main reliance in the future, as in the past, will be on the great body of patriotic citizens who enroll under the old flag whenever the country is in danger. We do need a Regular Army of sufficient size to garrison our coast defenses, to protect our overseas territory, to train the new forces, and, with the support of our splendid National Guard, to sustain and repel the initial attack of an aggressive foe.

"I am aware that there are many sincere individuals who are extreme pacifists. They would sink our navy and discharge our army, irrespective of what steps any other nation might take in the direction of armament or disarmament. They hold that by this splendid gesture toward peace we would set a beautiful, peaceful example, worthy of the emulation of all mankind. Under their beatific reign of unguarded peace, Mars would be held captive in a red-rose chain. The vision is lovely, but alas it is but a dream. As idealists we may continue to dream of a lasting peace, but as realists we must not relax our vigilance.

"War seemed remote from our shores when the fateful shot was fired at Sarajevo 21 years ago. Our interest in the great conflict was sympathetic, but impersonal, when August of 1914 found all Europe at war. But hostilities were not many months old when we learned that war was no longer a merely local concern. The world had grown so small that when our neighbors quarreled, our own peace was troubled. Just as our entry into the war with Germany was unpredictable, so no one today may say in what quarter a future storm may brew. Our relations with all nations are cordial. Any preparations for defense that we may make are directed against no nation, but only toward our own security.

"As Secretary Hull said recently: 'We make no threat against the territory or safety of any other country. We are prepared to defend ourselves against any threat to our own safety and welfare. We are determined not to enter into armed conflicts that may arise between other countries and to enforce such policies as may be required to avoid that risk.'

"In dedicating this great frieze on this eve of Armistice Day, among these Missouri hawthorns, and in memory of the children of Missouri who gave their lives, let us renew our pledge of devotion to our state and nation and repeat the words carved in high relief upon the wall:

"Let us strive to do all which may achieve a just and lasting peace among ourselves and with all nations."

Did You Read—

the following important service stories last week:

Court of Claims upholds right of army enlisted man to retire in grade; 30th Infantry holds unique recruiting program; General Malin Craig leaves for visit to Chicago and Leavenworth; Navy Budget hearings open; Text of regulation transferring Army enlisted men in grade to and from foreign duty; Navy fitness reports to be sent direct; Browning board to report soon on Air Corps personnel?

If not, you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You cannot get this vital information from any other source.

Cause of U. S. in World War

A denial that neither President Wilson nor any of his cabinet ever heard the "fable, which is now the gospel of the uninformed," that bankers and munitions makers got us in the World War, is made by Former Secretary of War Newton D. Baker in a most interesting letter he wrote this week to the editor of the *New York Times*.

"The discussion in the columns of *The Times*," Mr. Baker wrote, "with reference to the alleged financial and commercial causes of America's entrance into the World War justify a very frank statement from a member of President Woodrow Wilson's Cabinet.

"I was in Washington as Secretary of War from March 7, 1916, until March 4, 1921. When I went to Washington the World War had been raging in Europe for more than a year and a half. I was, of course, in constant association with President Wilson and all the members of his Cabinet.

"Throughout 1916 until the German declaration of unrestricted submarine warfare, it was the settled belief of the President and, so far as I know, of all the members of the Cabinet, that the United States would not be drawn into the conflict. The situation was tense and grave at all times and questions affecting the rights of America and Americans as neutrals were constantly arising—rather more often involving controversies with the Allies than with Germany.

"From the beginning to the end of my official life in Washington, I never heard the President or any member of his Cabinet, either in conference or in private conversation, express any opinion that the United States ought to go into the war or that any commercial or financial interest, either of the United States or of any group of our citizens, would be promoted by our going in.

"No industrialist or banker ever expressed such an opinion to me and I never heard from my official associates that any such opinion had been expressed to them. Through the anxious months after the declaration of unrestricted submarine warfare, it became clearer day by day that the danger of our being drawn into the war was increasing, but the talk between President Wilson and his associates was constantly a searching quest for something which would avert the danger.

"When America finally went into the war, it was, so far as I knew, exactly for the causes and reasons then made public by the President in his address to Congress and I did not then know, nor have I since learned, of any other reason which had the slightest weight in determining the course of action taken.

"I have noted with particular interest the telegram quoted by a correspondent in your column from Ambassador Page. It is interesting only as one of many illustrations of the fact that Mr. Page was naturally affected by the intensity of the environment in which he was living. I knew Mr. Page intimately and I have never known a higher minded or more genuinely patriotic American than he, but any statement that Mr. Page's advice controlled the action of the administration could only be made by one ignorant of Mr. Page's own feeling that he was disregarded, if not neglected, by the State Department.

"The quotation from President Wilson's St. Louis speech which has figured in the communications of your correspondents has been grossly misused by Senator Nye and others. This has been pointed out by a letter in your column under date of Oct. 25 from Thomas W. Lamont.

"But after all, what President Wilson said at St. Louis was profoundly true. The tensions in modern international relations are industrial and commercial, and the causes of modern war grow out of the

(Please turn to Page 210)

THE UNITED STATES ARMY

Report on Bomber Crash

The board of officers convened by Brig. Gen. A. W. Robins, AC, commanding officer of Wright Field, Ohio, to determine the facts in the crash Oct. 30 of the experimental bomber "299," has reported that the crash was caused "by the locked condition of the rudder and elevator surface controls."

This was the accident in which the pilot, Maj. Poyer P. Hill, AC, lost his life.

"It is impossible," the report stated, "to determine from the material available or from the testimony of eye witnesses whether the device that held the controlled surfaces in a locked position and operated by the pilot had failed in position release or through oversight had not been released at all."

After detailing the causes to which the accident was not due (not due to structural failure, engines, design, etc.) the report continues:

"The direct cause of the crash was the locked condition of the rudder and elevator surface controls (primarily the latter) which made it impossible for the pilot to control the airplane. This finding is based on the following:

"(1) The locked condition of the controls after the crash.

"(2) The testimony of 1st Lt. Donald B. Putt, AC, co-pilot, and of Mr. Leslie R. Tower, the Boeing Aircraft Company's test pilot, as to the behavior of the airplane in the air.

"(3) The testimony of eye witnesses as to the behavior of the airplane on the take-off and in flight.

"From the evidence submitted the board believes that the elevator was locked in the first hole of the quadrant on the 'up elevator' side, when the airplane took off. * * * This checks the position in which Mr. Igo testified he locked the elevators to run up the engines. * * *

"That due to the size of the airplane and the inherent design of the control system it is improbable that a pilot, taking off under these conditions, would discover that the controls were locked until too late to prevent a crash. * * *

"That the locked condition of the controls was due either to:

"(a) The possibility that no effort was made to unlock the controls prior to take-off and as a result the controls were fully locked. Due to the death of the pilot this possibility cannot be definitely determined; or

"(b) The possibility that the pilot

only partially depressed the locking handle and as a result the locking pin was only partially withdrawn from its hole in the face of the locking quadrant; or

"(c) The possibility that the locking handle was fully depressed prior to take-off and due to malfunctioning of the system did not fully disengage the locking pin. There was no evidence to show that the system had ever malfunctioned but due to the inherent design it must be considered as a possibility."

Finance School Opens

Opening exercises were held by the Finance School, U. S. Army, for the 28th Regular Class, in the School classroom, Munitions Building, Washington, D. C., Tuesday, November 12, 1935.

After the invocation by the Chief of Chaplains, U. S. Army, the Commandant, Maj. A. J. Perry, FD, welcomed the incoming students and presented Col. E. J. Ely, FD, who represented the Chief of Finance in addressing the class.

The incoming class numbers 32 enlisted men of different grades, all of whom are members of the Finance Department. The period of attendance will be approximately 24 weeks—November 12, 1935, to April 24, 1936.

The Finance School also conducts an officers' course of approximately 15 weeks duration. At the present time Capt. Frank Richards, FD (Inf.), and Capt. John M. Evans, FD (Inf.) are attending the School.

The following is a list of students enrolled for the 28th Regular Class:

Cpl. Talmadge D. Ashworth, Ft. Benning, Ga.

Pvt. Fred H. Baehr, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.

Pvt. Woodrow H. Beane, Ft. Des Moines, Iowa.

Pvt. Earl S. Belcher, Ft. Sam Houston, Texas.

Pvt. (1st) Clifford W. Bowers, Ft. MacArthur, Calif.

Pvt. (1st) John L. Callaway, Ft. MacArthur, Calif.

Pvt. (1st) Horace N. Elkins, Jr., Ft. Snelling, Minn.

Pvt. Frank J. Galyen, Ft. Sill, Okla.

Pvt. (1st) Wesley Gapinski, Ft. Douglas, Utah.

Pvt. Joseph P. Gorman, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Cpl. Bryant G. Graishe, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.

Pvt. Joseph Greco, Ft. Devens, Mass.

Pvt. Cyrus W. Grove, Ft. Thomas, Ky.

Pvt. (1st) George R. Hamner, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Tech. Sgt. Robert H. Hansen, Pres. of S. F., Calif.

Pvt. William R. Henderson, Ft. F. E. Warren, Wyo.

Pvt. Howard H. Hiller, Ft. Bliss, Texas.
Pvt. Charles E. Jones, Edgewood Arsenal, Md.

Cpl. Frank J. Kempf, Ft. Wayne, Mich.

Pvt. John Kinnaman, Jr., Ft. Knox, Ky.

Pvt. Martin L. Lathers, Governors Island, N. Y.

Pvt. Pierce E. Manley, Ft. Bliss, Texas.

Pvt. (1st) Sofio Marrero, Post of San Juan, P. R.

Pvt. Arthur E. Martin, Jr., Ft. Slocum, N. Y.

Pvt. Vincent J. Messina, Boston, Mass.

Pvt. Walter H. Myers, Camp McCoy, Wis.

Pvt. Homer C. Onkes, Ft. Benning, Ga.

Cpl. Wilton E. O'Neal, A. & N. Gen. Hosp., Hot Springs, Ark.

Pvt. James B. A. Robertson, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.

Sgt. Herbert B. Smith, Ft. Sam Houston, Texas.

Pvt. (1st) Jacob J. Solit, Ft. Douglas, Utah.

Pvt. Paul J. Williams, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Major Overton Lectures

Maj. Winfield Scott Overton, USA-Ret, lectured to a large and distinguished audience assembled at the Forum in Oakland, Calif., on Nov. 7. His subject, "Present Conditions in Europe From My Personal Observations," was presented strikingly and was listened to with the closest attention. Major Overton's talk was illustrated by motion pictures in color made by his own camera during his recent tour of Russia, Germany, Hungary, Austria and Italy. In the audience were many officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps and their families.

Major Overton is internationally known for his travels in Europe and for the breadth of his scope of information of European affairs in the military, economic and industrial fields. He was detailed as military attaché to the American Embassy in St. Petersburg in 1905 and was in Russia at the time of the Revolution in 1917.

From personal studies in Russia in 1931, 1933 and 1935 Major Overton was possessed of facts bearing on the marked changes that have taken place under the rule of the Soviet regime. This rule, thinks Major Overton, is slowly but surely departing from pure Communism to "Limited Capitalism."

In both Hungary and Austria as well as in the countries of the Little Entente, he saw evidence bespeaking the constant determination never to forget the injustices wrought when the map of Europe was redrawn by the nations who drew up the Treaty of Versailles.

Hitler appears to be more strongly entrenched in power than ever before. Stalin, ever fearful of a counter-revolution, will submit to every foreign insult before embarking in any war from which he foresees that rifles will find their way into the hands of the people and thus lay the foundation for internal revolts.

General Gillmore Appointed

Brig. Gen. William E. Gillmore, AC, USA, who has made his home in San Francisco since retiring from the Army in 1930, has been appointed to a high executive post in the preparation of plans for creating San Francisco's 1938 World's Fair.

A personal selection of Leland W. Cutler, President of the World's Fair Commission, General Gillmore will coordinate the relations between the Fair officials and the Federal Government in utilizing the \$6,000,000 allotment of funds provided by the Treasury to help construct the Exposition.

Armistice Day Parade

Maj. Gen. Paul B. Malone, Commanding Ninth Corps Area, officiated as Grand Marshall of the mammoth Armistice Day Parade at Oakland, Calif., Nov. 11. Thousands of marchers from military and naval units and from patriotic and fraternal organizations were in line.

A feature of the celebration was the firing of a 21-gun salute by the 143rd Field Artillery, California National Guard, just prior to the customary two-minute silence at 11:00 A. M.

Non-Coms' Club

Manila, P. I.—The American Non-Commissioned Officers' Club, which was officially organized Oct. 7, held its first Jamboree, a stag affair, Oct. 12, at 7:30 P. M. at the Plaza Hotel. All members are expected to attend—a total of about three hundred.

Chaplain Koch was master of ceremonies. The newly elected officers were introduced as follows:

President—Tech. Sgt. George C. Daily, Medical Department, Ft. McKinley.

Vice President—1st Sgt. Ben L. White, Air Corps, Nichols Fld.

Secretary—Staff Sgt. John T. Wina, 31st Infantry.

Treasurer—1st Sgt. Henry C. Bartlett, 31st Infantry.

The new organization expects to sign a lease on an old Spanish house at 823 Hidalgo St. for their clubhouse. Arrangements have been made for new equipment, refitting and repairing. The building is considered to have excellent possibilities.

Decorations Awarded

Announcement is made of the following:

Distinguished Flying Cross—"Francis H. MacDuff, Flying Cadet, 88th Observation Squadron, Air Corps, United States Army. For heroism displayed while piloting an airplane from March Field, California, en route to Brooks Field, Texas, June 22, 1935. With his airplane in flames, Cadet MacDuff, disregarding his own personal danger, maneuvered the burning airplane in such manner that the accompanying passengers were able to jump and land safely with parachute. By the time Cadet MacDuff was enabled to clear the airplane, it had descended so low that he struck the ground in the first opening swing of the parachute, but without injury."

Soldier's Medal—"Michael Balint, private first class, Headquarters Company, 22nd Brigade, United States Army. For heroism displayed at Schofield Barracks, Territory of Hawaii, on July 23, 1935. Observing a child with her clothing in flames and in grave danger of burning to death, Private Balint rushed to the aid of the child and at the risk of fatal burns to his own person, extinguished the flames. Although painfully burned himself, he then drove the child to a hospital before submitting to treatment for his own injuries."

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Co. I, 17th Inf., to Alton, Ill.

Alton, Ill.—For the first time in the history of the R.O.T.C. a unit of the Regular Army was recently authorized by the Secretary of War to make a six hundred mile journey to an Essentially Military School for the purpose of staging a series of demonstrations in basic military training for the young student officers.

Company "I" is commanded by Capt. Edmund Sebree, came to Western Military Academy here where 1st Lt. L. L. Doan, Cav., is P. M. S. and T. Captain Sebree was formerly P. M. S. and T. at Western. The company is stationed at the Command and General Staff School at Fort Leavenworth, Kans.

In addition to the demonstrations the convoy which brought the 72 men and officers was a show itself. Ten of the latest type reconnaissance cars, with the necessary repair and command cars, were paraded on both Saturday and Sunday, Nov. 9 and 10, after which they were lined up for visitors to inspect.

The personnel making the trip to Western included 57 men, a complete war strength platoon, Captain Sebree in command, with Lieutenant Warren, an officer of the company, as second in command. The convoy included twelve drivers, with Major Slade, QMC, in com-

mand of the convoy and Lieutenant Moore, 17th Infantry, as assistant.

Army Reserve Notes

Boston—This year a new form of inactive duty training for certain selected Reserve Officers will be conducted at Boston by Col. Albert W. Foreman, Inf., the Chief of Staff of the 94th Division.

This training will consist of a series of troop leading problems designed for the training of Regimental and Battalion Commanders, their staff officers, field officers, and officers of the Services. Officers who have completed the 30 or 40 series of the Army Extension Courses are considered well qualified for this training and have been invited to attend.

—o—

Boston, Mass.—The first meeting under the new schedule of inactive duty training for certain selected Reserve Officers, designed for the training of Regimental and Battalion Commanders, their staff officers, field officers and officers of the Services, was well attended. One hundred and twelve officers assembled at the Post Office Building Tuesday night, October 29, 1935, for this meeting which was in charge of Col. A. W. Foreman, Inf., Chief of Staff, 94th Division.

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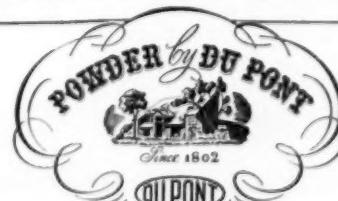
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when I tell them they are connected and everything is O.K. Especially if they have been without the telephone for a little while. Most everybody says the same thing — 'We missed it.'

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THE U. S. NAVY

THE U. S. MARINE CORPS

Lieutenant English Honored

Secretary of the Navy Swanson announced this week that in the name of the President of the United States he had awarded decorations to four members of the second Byrd Antarctic Expedition.

The Distinguished Service Medal has been awarded to Lt. Robert A. J. English, USN, and the Navy Cross to Lt. Comdr. Stephen D. Rose, USNR; Ens. Kenneth K. Rawson, USNR, and to Clay Bailey, Radioman First Class, USN.

The following citation accompanied the Distinguished Service Medal awarded to Lieutenant English, now serving in the USS Nevada:

"For exceptionally meritorious service to the Government in a duty of great responsibility as Commanding Officer of the Byrd Antarctic Expedition II ship, S. S. Bear of Oakland, which during the time it was in Antarctic Waters did some very important and hazardous work in exploration to the northeastward of Little America. Through his courage, resourcefulness and engineering ability, Lieutenant English on several occasions saved the Bear of Oakland from disaster. All of his service with the expedition was performed with exceptional efficiency contributing greatly to its success."

Shift Submarine Division

Secretary of the Navy Swanson announced this week that a change in the assignments of two submarine divisions would be effected at the end of the present fiscal year. Submarine Division 11, based at Pearl Harbor, T. H., will relieve Submarine Division 5, based at the Canal Zone, which will be placed out of commission at the Philadelphia Navy Yard.

Submarine Division 5, consisting of the S10 to S13 inclusive, is being placed out of commission in accordance with the provision of the London Treaty limiting the total submarine tonnage of the signatory powers and in anticipation of the need for trained personnel for new vessels now nearing completion which will pass into service during the next fiscal year.

Submarine Division 11, consisting of the S42 to S47, inclusive, will be detached from Submarine Squadron Four and will depart from Pearl Harbor, T. H., about April 1, 1936 and proceed to the Canal Zone via San Diego.

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Honor Lieutenant Walker

Honolulu, T. H.—The Honolulu County Medical Society has adopted the following resolution as a tribute to Lt. Albert T. Walker, (MC), USN:

"WHEREAS, Lt. Albert T. Walker, USN, has been an active participating member in the Honolulu County Medical Society during his three years of duty in Honolulu as physician to Navy families, and

"WHEREAS, in his daily contacts with Honolulu physicians he has shown himself to be excellently qualified in the practice of medicine and surgery; by his exemplary conduct he has shown us that he is honest, diligent, hard working, a careful, resourceful, intelligent surgeon, and

"WHEREAS, by reason of his long training in obstetrics and gynecology, and his interest in pathological anatomy he has greatly improved the quality of the service at the Kapiolani Maternity and Gynecological Hospital by acting as pathologist for their laboratory, and

"WHEREAS, this work and much other such as consultant to The Queen's Hospital in Gynecology, has been done without remuneration—he has given of his knowledge and ability unstintingly, and more than demonstrated his love of work and charity, and

"WHEREAS, by his transfer to Annapolis, Maryland, the Society and community will keenly feel the loss of this splendid officer, and now,

BE IT HEREBY RESOLVED, that the Honolulu County Medical Society at its regular monthly meeting, Oct. 17, 1935, did express its regard and commendation to Lt. Albert T. Walker, USN, for his valuable services rendered to this Society and this community during his tour of duty here, and

ALSO BE IT RESOLVED, that the Society wishes him Aloha and success in his future work, and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to Lt. Albert T. Walker, USN, one to the Commandant of the 14th Naval District, one to the Surgeon General of the U. S. Navy, and one to Captain Allen, MC, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Exhibits Photos

William Howard Gardiner, of New York, former President of the Navy League, has become a prominent exhibitor of pictorial photographs, having had over a hundred pictures hung in competitive exhibitions in many countries during the last year.

The Arts Club of Washington is giving an exhibition of some of his pictures at its gallery, 2017 I St., N.W., from Dec. 1 to Dec. 20 that will be open to the public from ten in the morning to five in the afternoon. All of the pictures in it were taken in Italy, Greece, the Aegean Islands, Syria and Palestine and include a notable series taken on the Athenean Acropolis.

Causes of U. S. in World War
(Continued from Page 207)

efforts of nations to acquire economic security or economic dominance. To translate this obvious truth into an accusation against munition makers or bankers is an unfortunate over-simplification of the case. The misfortune of it lies not only in the injustice it does to the memory of President Wilson and those who bore with him the tragic responsibility of 1917, but also in the fact that it misleads the American people upon a subject about which they simply must not be misled.

"America's safety from future wars cannot be secured by muzzling bankers or disarming munitions makers. If we are to be

kept out of war our statesmen must be supported in their efforts by a public opinion too intelligently informed to insist that the efforts of our nation shall be limited to protecting ourselves against such influences.

"With the views which I have expressed, I feel sure that all of my surviving associates in President Wilson's Cabinet will fully concur. At least I am sure they will agree that President Wilson and we, as his associates, did all we knew how to keep our country out of war, and that none of us ever heard the fable, which is now the gospel of the uninformed, that we ever had the slightest concern about the foreign loans of bankers or the industrial ambitions of the few American munition-making companies."

Admiral Johnson Speaks

Declaring that the road to peace was through international limitation of armaments, Rear Adm. Alfred W. Johnson, USN, urged that the United States by this means pursue a "proper balance" between those who urge reduction and those who favor increase of armaments.

Admiral Johnson, a member of the Navy General Board, spoke over the radio, Nov. 10, in an Armistice Day program arranged by the Jewish War Veterans. He commended the part played by Jews in the defense of the Nation, declaring that they should take pride in recalling to memory "the loyal and devoted service of these of their faith, who, throughout the life of this nation, have worked and died for our country." Reviewing the history of the United States, Admiral Johnson spoke of the different interpretations and lessons drawn from our past wars.

"Americans have the same aversion to war, and the same love for peace as they had in 1917," he declared. "Yet when we have to choose between measures to insure the continuance of peace, we divide into opposing groups with opinions as divergent as the poles.

"What values can we attach to those opinions when militarists of yesterday become pacifists tomorrow, and pacifists turn militant overnight? We know that when Manchuria was invaded, many clamored for intervention in her behalf; yet those same people previously sought to cut down the navy upon which the task would have fallen.

"In Great Britain it is much the same. Those who insisted on reducing the British Fleet are now demanding that it be used to enforce military sanctions in the Ethiopian crisis. A general election is called to support measures for increasing her armaments; at the same time we are invited to a conference at London to limit them.

"What America wants for herself is what every nation aspires to attain—security in the pursuit of happiness. Few nations have attained it. Few are content with what they have. But as long as nations want the things they do not possess, and are determined to get them by force, only superior force can prevent them from achieving their object. If all nations were endowed with what they want, there would be little likelihood of war. There would be no breaking of Kellogg Pacts, no repudiation of international debts, and weak nations would not be subjected to invasion as they are today. But we must face realities, and recognize that there is an unequal distribution of territory, and an unsatisfactory distribution of raw materials among the nations of the world. This situation will be provocative of war as long as those conditions exist.

"Some people believe that we can promote peace by reducing armaments. Others believe that we can avert war only by increasing them. We who spend our lives in the naval and military services of our country believe that a proper balance between these two views is possible only through development of the idea of limitation of armaments by international agreement, along the lines of the Washington and London Naval Treaties agreed to by Great Britain, the United States, and Japan. We believe that these treaties have insured equal

security to these three powers and that they have been factors of importance in stabilizing international relations during the years that they have been in effect. As you know, these treaties are about to expire. We stand foursquare behind our President in advocating renewal of these treaties as they stand, with extension to other naval powers of the principles embodied in them.

"With the uncertainties of the future before us, and the experience of the past in our minds, we believe this is the only safe course to follow. Therefore, let us not deliberately weaken our position in relation to the nations of the world by unwise reductions in our naval strength. Let us conserve our strength and enjoy the comfort of security which our strength gives to us. If we do this, it will help us to maintain international peace and will insure for ourselves the continuance of our institutions which are the foundation of our happiness, our welfare, and our security."

Dirigible Report Scheduled

(Continued from First Page)

fessor of Mechanical Engineering, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

R. A. Millikan, Director of the Norman Bridge Laboratory of Physics, and Chairman of the Executive Council, California Institute of Technology.

Frank B. Jewett, President, Bell Telephone Laboratories, Incorporated.

Charles F. Kettering, President, General Motors Research Corporation.

In this committee Messrs. von Karman, Timoshenko and Hovgaard are leading experts in the field of applied mechanics and have knowledge of the problems of ship construction. Doctor Durand is a mechanical engineer of broad knowledge and general acquaintance with problems of the type studied. Mr. de Forest is a leader in the study of the effect of superficial irregularities such as corrosion and scratches on the strength and life of parts which are subject to dynamical stresses. Doctors Millikan, Jewett and Kettering are men of broad experience in the general fields of scientific and engineering research.

President Praises Navy

In connection with the recent cruise of the President of the United States in the USS Houston, the Secretary of the Navy is in receipt of the following letter from the President:

"My dear Mr. Secretary:

"I forward herewith copies of letters I have addressed to the Commanding Officers of the Portland and Houston and Lt. Chester C. Wood, USN, with the request that suitable entries be made on the records of the officers concerned.

Captains LeBreton and Baker have met the varied requirements of the cruise with ability and resource. They have been particularly thoughtful in assuring the comfort and enjoyment of each member of the Presidential party.

"The excellent communications with shore, provided by the Naval Communication Service, have enabled me to enjoy the cruise without fear of not being informed of developments in Washington and elsewhere.

"It has been a grand cruise and I thank you very much for all you have done to insure its success.

"Sincerely yours,
Franklin D. Roosevelt.

"The Honorable Claude A. Swanson,
Secretary of the Navy,
Washington, D. C."

Capt. Guy E. Baker is commanding the Houston and Capt. David M. LeBreton is commanding the Portland. Lieutenant Wood was specially detailed to handle communications for the President.

Developments in Washington make it vital to your interest that you get the Army and Navy Journal each week. Subscribe now.

News of the U. S. Fleet

Officers of the Fleet and their families in the San Diego and Long Beach-San Pedro areas have been speculating for several months on cruising programs that will take the Battle Fleet and the Scouting Fleet away from their bases in the near future for the purpose of carrying out maneuvers and Fleet problems in distant waters.

It is known that Admiral Joseph M. Reeves, USN, Commander-in-Chief of the United States Fleet, is adamant in his avowed intention to get all units of his command away from their anchorages and to keep them at sea as much as possible consistent with the requirements of materiel overhaul and upkeep which can be done only at anchor in the waters of the Southern California Fleet Bases.

Admiral Reeves announced to his staff when he assumed command in June, 1934, that he intended to correct the lowered efficiency of the Navy afloat caused by long months at anchor in the harbors of San Diego and Long Beach-San Pedro. In his determination to substitute distant cruising and fleet maneuvers for over long stretches at anchor the Admiral has the ardent support of the President.

Mr. Roosevelt's deep-rooted and old-fashioned sailor instincts prompts him to look with strong approval on any plans that will put the Fleet in blue water and that moreover will project naval maneuvers into the Atlantic. The President believes that the Eastern seaboard should not forget what the Fleet looks like and it goes without saying that he desires that Atlantic seaports such as New York, Boston, Newport, Norfolk and Charleston shall share with California in the vast sums of money that the Fleet now spends on the West Coast.

Accordingly, cruising plans have received approval for maneuvers in the waters adjacent to the Panama Canal and in the Caribbean. Departure of Fleet from California bases is set for late February or very early in March. All units including submarines and aircraft will participate.

If these plans are made effective (and the diplomatic complications arising from the war in Europe may shortly become serious enough to cause a change in the present program) the Fleet will be partially and temporarily broken up on the conclusion of the maneuvers in the Spring.

A number of the newest cruisers in the Scouting Force will be detached from the main Fleet for a cruise to South American ports, proceeding down the East Coast of Brazil and Argentine and through the Straits of Magellan thence north to the ports of Chile and Peru, finally returning to the home ports in Southern California in early autumn.

If, however, the dispute between Italy and England should eventuate in a naval blockade of Italian seaports by the British Fleet, our ships are expected to be retained in the Pacific.

Since American merchant vessels would be halted and searched by foreign blockading ships, the presence of United States naval units in Atlantic waters under these circumstances would be construed both in America and abroad as a veiled disapproval of a blockade.

It goes without saying that the President will withhold approval of any and all Fleet movements that can impair his policy to avoid the appearances of taking sides in present or future controversies in Europe.

Honor Admiral Reeves

San Diego—A new departure at San Diego Army and Navy Academy this year has aroused much interest among Naval officers stationed on the West Coast. This was the offering of a full scholarship honoring Admiral Jos. M. Reeves, Commander in Chief of the U. S. Fleet, a former patron of the school, as it was there that the late Lt. Wm. C. Reeves prepared for the U. S. Military Academy, a few years ago.

When it came to a decision, two of the candidates were so closely matched as to qualifications that both were ad-

mitted on the scholarship basis. One of them is Russell Willson, Jr., son of Capt. Russell Willson, USS Pennsylvania. The other is Robert E. Lacy, son of Comdr. Ernest W. Lacy, who is in command at the U. S. Naval Training Station, San Diego, Calif. Both cadets are Seniors, and are preparing to take the entrance examinations next Spring for the U. S. Naval Academy.

Col. Thomas A. Davis, President of the Academy, reports that the number of Army, Navy and Marine Corps officers among the patrons of the school this session is much larger than in any previous year.

Wins Engineering Honors

Secretary of the Navy Swanson announced Nov. 13 that the light cruiser, USS Detroit, flagship of Rear Adm. Clark T. Woodward, USN, Commander Destroyers, Battle Force, had merited recognition because of the excellence of her engineering performances during the past year, July 1, 1934—June 30, 1935.

As a mark of distinction, the commanding officer of the Detroit, Capt. G. M. Ravencroft, USN, has been authorized to have a red E painted on her smoke pipe and to make suitable entries in the fitness reports of officers who contributed to her engineering efficiency. Enlisted men of the Detroit's engineering divisions who contributed materially to her efficiency will have the privilege of wearing a Red E on their uniform sleeve.

During the performance year, the Detroit was commanded by Capt. R. M. Brainard, USN, now serving as Assistant to the Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance, Navy Department, and by Captain Ravencroft, who assumed command on December 12, 1934.

Navy Transport Sailings

Chaumont—Arrives Canal Zone Nov. 16, leaves Nov. 18; arrives San Diego Nov. 27, leaves Nov. 29; arrives San Pedro Nov. 30, leaves Dec. 3; arrives San Francisco Dec. 5, leaves Dec. 18; arrives San Pedro Dec. 20, leaves Dec. 23; arrives San Diego Dec. 23, leaves Dec. 26; arrives Canal Zone Jan. 4, leaves Jan. 7; arrives and leaves Guantanamo Jan. 10; arrives N. O. B. Norfolk Jan. 14, leaves Jan. 27.

Henderson—Leaves Guam Nov. 15;

arrives Manila Nov. 21, leaves Nov. 23; arrives and leaves Wosung Nov. 28; arrives Chinwangtao Nov. 30, leaves Dec. 2; arrives Shanghai Dec. 4, leaves Dec. 14; arrives Hongkong Dec. 17, leaves Dec. 18; arrives Manila Dec. 20, leaves Dec. 26; arrives Guam Jan. 1, leaves Jan. 2; arrives Honolulu Jan. 14, leaves Jan. 17; arrives San Francisco Jan. 25, leaves Feb. 10.

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SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1935

"The firmest security of peace is the preparation during peace of the defenses of war."—JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

THE FIRST PUBLIC ADDRESS of the new chief of staff has shown to Congress and the nation that they have in General Malin Craig a sound, sensible, conservative military mentor whose conception of the National Defense problem is as broad as it is sympathetic of the country's needs. Too often have politicians made loose use of the expression "reasonably adequate defense" and then shown in their votes and influence either that they had no conception of the meaning of the phrase or that they were insincere in their advocacy of National Defense. But in his Kansas City address Sunday, General Craig gave a clear, concise interpretation when he said that a reasonably adequate defense establishment "should consist of a navy at least the equal of any other maritime power, and of a small, but highly efficient army, supplied with the latest and best of military equipment." In the future when politicians bespeak their allegiance to adequate National Defense their constituents should hold them to support of the cause as so pithily expressed by the man in whose hands they have placed the defense of the Nation. They should feel obligated to vote the authorizations and appropriations to build and maintain the Navy at treaty levels, or, when treaties are no more, at a level second to none. They should vote funds for a Regular Army of the size determined by military experts to be sufficient "to garrison our coast defenses, to protect our overseas territory, to train the new forces, and, with the support of our splendid National Guard, to sustain and repel the initial attack of an aggressive foe." And, too, to do this they must supply funds for the training of the ROTC, the CMTC, the Organized Reserves and the "splendid National Guard" mentioned by General Craig. And sufficient of the latest and best military equipment must be furnished in modern weapons, motorization and mechanization, aircraft and ammunition so that all may be trained in their use and some stocks be on hand for an emergency.

THE DEPENDENCE OF OUR defense strength upon the strength of other nations, expressed by General Craig particularly in its application to the sea forces, found added stress in President Roosevelt's Armistice Day address in Washington. "Defense against aggression by others," the Commander-in-Chief told the country, "—adequate defense on land, on sea and in air—is our accepted policy; and the measure of that defense is and will be solely the amount necessary to safeguard us against the armaments of others." Protection thus sums itself up not as a constant but as a variable. Actually it is dependent upon the desirability of the area to be protected plus the forces available to be employed against it. As to the desirability of protecting the richest nation in the world there can be no doubt. There may be areas on the world's surface whose inhabitants are secure in the thought that they offer nothing of promise to possible aggressors, but this assurance can not be America's. Thus the amount of armed forces we must maintain over and above what might be called the police force minimum depends upon others. An interesting point in President Roosevelt's address is his rejection of isolationism and expression of our concern in rumblings abroad: "I would not be frank with you if I did not tell you that the dangers that confront the future of mankind as a whole are greater to the world and therefore to us than the dangers which confront the people of the United States by and in themselves alone."

SIMILAR IN A WAY to the inconsistencies in the payments of pensions to widows of the various classifications of officers and men who served their country in peace and war is the inconsistency in the exemptions and lack of exemptions of payment of Federal income tax. Col. A. T. Marix, USMC-Ret., the vigilant president of the Retired Officers' Association, points out that Section Three, Public No. 202, 74th Congress, provides that "Payments of benefits * * * to a beneficiary under any of the laws relating to Veterans shall be exempt from taxation." This, the Colonel says, makes it possible for Disabled Emergency Officers of the World War, not to pay Federal Income Tax on their retired pay, whereas it would appear that retired officers of the Regular establishments, and in particular those retired because of physical disability incurred in the line of duty, are not exempt and are thus discriminated against even though their disabilities were suffered in the same manner and in the same war. Naturally it is all too easy in the heavy press of legislation for inconsistencies to creep in, but when found they should be called to the attention of Congress and corrected at the earliest moment. The remedy for this is to enact legislation exempting personnel of the Regular Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard retired for physical disability from payment of Federal income tax on the compensation paid them by the Government. Along the same line, Congress should buckle down at the next session to the task of unscrambling the laws relating to widows' pensions so that an adequate and fair income may be assured the survivor of any of the country's defenders regardless of what war or wars he served in, particularly so that widows of regulars who served their entire careers in the defense forces may not be in doubt as to the adequacy or amount of their compensation.

WE WONDER WHAT THE effect of the inquiry into Army and Navy aviation proposed by the Senate Commerce committee will have upon the members of the military and naval committees of that body. In order to make a proper inquiry into the safety precautions exercised by flying aviators such a committee would of necessity have to weigh the military factors, for vital as the safety factor is, it is not of the prime importance in combat aviation that it is in commercial flying.

Service Humor

A Real Hero

Dear Old Lady—Did you save any lives in France?

Bored Hero—I saved the life of every man in our company.

D.O.L. (all a-quiver)—How wonderful! How did you do it?

B.H. (completely shameless)—I fooled our cook into holding a hand grenade after the pin was pulled. The new cook was a dandy!

—Foreign Service, VFW.

Keep It Secret

A Union Pacific shopman had been drawn on a Federal grand jury and didn't want to serve. When his name was called he asked Judge Pollack to excuse him. "We are very busy at the shops," said he, "and I ought to be there."

"So you are one of those men who think the Union Pacific couldn't get along without you," remarked the judge.

"No, your honor," said the shopman. "I know it could get along without me, but I don't want it to find it out."

"Excused," said the judge.

—Bamboo Breezes.

I'll Bet!

A company commander had been receiving a good many complaints from his men concerning Private Jones. He was a gambler—accused of being a "sleeker". The captain, in order to preserve "peace in the family", transferred Jones to another company. His new company commander called him to his office. "Jones, I understand you're a gambler and there is some doubt about your honesty."

"I'm a gambler, I admit sir, but I'm fair and square."

"Are you sure?"

"Positive, sir. To prove it, I'll bet you \$500 you have a birthmark on your right shoulder."

The company com, thinking this was easy money, agreed to the wager. He removed his blouse and shirt, and—no birthmark!

Later in the day he spoke to Jones' old captain.

"There's nothing dishonest about Jones. He gambles, but he's fair and square. Why this morning he bet me \$500 I had a birthmark on my shoulder; I knew I didn't have."

"Dammit, man, before he left he bet me \$25.00 that he would have your shirt off within 10 minutes after reporting to you!!!"

—Pointer.

No Password

General Barry was making an inspection so Joey Brown was given the duty of keeping visitors out of camp till after inspection. Mrs. Barry and her daughter decided that they would like to see the camp, but not being with the Generals party, Joey figured they were just visitors and refused them admittance. Mrs. Barry became quite peeved and said, "Young man, I want you to know, we're the Barrys", "I don't care if you're the cats uncle" roared Joey, "you're not going to get in".

CCC Co. 1252, Hamlin Special.

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given in this column as soon as possible after receipt.

O. R. W.—The next examination for Assistant Engineer, AMPS, will be held April 21, 1936. There are three remaining on the eligible list for appointment to Warrant Officer, Assistant Engineer, AMPS.

G. W. R.—Under the provisions of Paragraph 7B (1)-AR-610-15 your request for exemption from examination in arithmetic, U. S. History, and English Composition and grammar in the examination for Warrant Officer, U. S. Army undoubtedly will be approved if you have submitted evidence of having been admitted to a college or university. A certificate from the registrar of the institution to which you had been admitted, would constitute the evidence required.

R. E. B.—You are Number 18 on the eligible list for Staff Sergeant, Supply Quartermaster Corps. There have been no promotions from the new eligible list. However, one man, Private 1st Cl. James F. Cooper, who was Number 5 on the new list was advanced to Staff Sergeant from the old list.

IN THE JOURNAL

10 Years Ago

Representative Thomas S. Butler, chairman of the House Naval Committee, in an article in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL declares: "Either we must assure the protection of our shores by maintaining the treaty Navy efficiently or we should stop all appropriations and say frankly we are prepared to take the consequences of absence of defense."

20 Years Ago

Having qualified in flying, Lt. A. H. Cunningham, USMC, has been designated as a naval aviator by the Secretary of the Navy and issued license No. 14.

30 Years Ago

Capt. Paul B. Malone, USA, author of "Winning His Way to West Point" has just had published a new volume, "A Plebe at West Point."

50 Years Ago

Congress is expected to give some attention at the next session to a bill introduced by General Slocum to organize a National militia. The bill provides, among other things, for an annual inspection of the active militias of each state and territory by officers of the Regular Army.

70 Years Ago

In view of the strained relations between England and America, there has been much discussion as to which is the better prepared in that modern weapon of war, the iron-clad. Which of the two rival systems of iron-clads is the better, it is asked.

War Department
Organized Reserves

ARMY ORDERS

GENERAL OFFICERS

Maj. Gen. Halstead Dorey, from Hawaiian Dept., to his home and await retirement. Sailing from Honolulu Dec. 5.

Maj. Gen. George E. Leach, Reserve, Chief of the National Guard Bureau, from Washington, D. C., to his home, Nov. 30, and relieved active duty.

GENERAL STAFF CORPS

GENERAL MALIN CRAIG, C. of S. Lt. Col. Thomas B. Catron, 2d, (Inf.), from Hawaiian Dept., to his home and await retirement. Sailing from Honolulu Dec. 5.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

MAJ. GEN. LOUIS H. BASH, QM. Capt. Jesse D. Cope (Inf.), from Vancouver Bks., Wash., to his home and await retirement.

Capt. Arthur J. Lynch, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to Chicago, Ill.

Capt. Albert J. Wicks (CAC), from Brooklyn, N. Y., to Ft. Ontario, N. Y.

Maj. Robert B. Field, from Washington, D. C., to Brooklyn, N. Y.

Capt. Leander Larson, from Ft. Mason, Calif., to Philippine Dept., sailing from S. F. April 7, 1936.

Following officers from Philippine Dept., to station after name:

Maj. Neil G. Sandelin, Ft. Riley, Kans.

Capt. John T. Dollard, Hamilton Fld., Calif.

Capt. William F. Marshall, Jr., report Army retiring board, HQ, 9th Corps Area, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., for examination.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. CHARLES R. REYNOLDS, SG. Medical Corps

The appointment of the following 1st Lt. Med. Res., as 1st Lt. MC, Regular Army is announced:

Joseph Frank Peters, to Ft. Snelling, Minn.

Edward Morris De Young, to Ft. McClellan, Ala.

Maj. Reginald Ducat, from Panama Canal Dept., to N. Y. port of embarkation, Brooklyn, N. Y.

DENTAL CORPS

Maj. John S. Ross, from Mitchel Fld., N. Y., to Barksdale Fld., La.

VETERINARY CORPS

1st Lt. Lloyd C. Tekse, from Ft. Snelling,

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OFFICIAL ORDERS

Carp. Theodore C. Stewart, to USS Canopus.

November 8, 1935

Capt. John S. Barleon, det. as Prof. of Naval Science and Tactics, Yale Univ., New Haven, Conn., about Feb. 29; to command USS Arkansas.

Capt. Turner F. Caldwell, det. command USS Cincinnati about Jan. 25; to duty as Prof. of Nav. Science and Tactics, Yale Univ., New Haven, Conn.

Capt. Reuben P. Coffey, det. command USS Arkansas about Feb. 18; to Naval Operations, Navy Dept.

Capt. Herbert A. Jones, det. as Director and Instructor, Nav. Reserves, Los Angeles, Calif., about Dec. 11; to command USS Omaha.

Capt. Earl R. Shipp, det. command USS Raleigh about Jan. 25; to duty as Pacific Coast Communication Officer, San Francisco, Calif.

Comdr. Edward J. Foy, det. 12th Nav. Dist., about Jan. 18; to command USS Raleigh.

Lt. Julius A. Burgess, det. USS Beaver in Nov.; continue trmt. Nav. Hosp., Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. William L. Hickey, det. USS Tracy in Nov.; to USS Melville.

Lt. Burnice L. Rutt, det. USS Arctic in Nov.; to USS Tracy as exec. officer.

Lt. (jg) Jefferson R. Dennis, det. USS MacLeish about Dec. 3; to instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Lt. (jg) Lucien E. Wagnon, det. USS Pennsylvania about Dec. 13; to instn. Subm. Base, New London.

Lt. Bliss C. Hills, det. USS J. Fred Tamm in Feb. or March; to c. f. o. USS Quincy and on board when commissioned.

Ens. Bruce E. Wiggin, det. USS Pensacola about Dec. 13; to instn. Subm. Base, New London.

November 9, 1935

Capt. Irving H. Mayfield, det. as Pacific Coast Communication Officer, 12th Nav. District, about Jan. 31; to command USS Tuscarora.

Capt. Benjamin Duton, Jr., addl. duty as Nav. Attaché, American Legation, Helsinki, Finland.

Lt. Harry A. Guthrie, addl. duty as asst. Naval Attaché, American Legation, Helsinki, Finland.

Lt. John T. McDermott, det. USS Nokomis about Nov. 11; to USS Wyoming.

Lt. Russell H. Quynn, det. USS West Virginia about Nov. 8; to USS Arctic.

Lt. (jg) David C. Gaede (MC), ors. July 2 modified. To USS Lexington, instead Nav. Air Sta., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. Comdr. Lester A. Dyckman (SC), det. USS Louisville in Jan.; to Nav. Hosp., Mare Island, Calif.

November 11, 1935

Comdr. Roscoe E. Schurmann, det. as Comdr. Dest. Div. 10, Battle Force, on Nov. 9; to Naval Operations, Navy Dept.

Lt. Lawrence J. McPeake, det. USS Whiting in Nov. or Dec.; to USS Tillman.

Lt. Richard S. Moss, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., in Nov.; to VB Sqdn. 2B (USS Saratoga).

Lt. Andrew M. Parks, on disch. trtmf. Nav. Hosp., Mare Island, Calif.; to duty Naval Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. (jg) Frank C. Acker, det. USS Chester about Dec. 7; to instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Lt. (jg) Howard E. Ballman, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., in Nov.; to resignation accepted effective Jan. 11.

Lt. (jg) Vilhelm K. Busch, det. USS Arkansas in Nov.; to c. f. o. USS Charleston and on board as engineer officer when comm.

Ens. John W. Geist, det. USS Arkansas about Jan. 2; to c. f. o. USS Quincy and on board when commissioned.

Comdr. Otto W. Grisler (MC), det. USS San Francisco; to Naval Dispensary, Long Beach, Calif.

Lt. (jg) Eugene R. Hering (MC), det. Dest. Div. 7, Setg. Force; to Marine Corps Base, San Diego.

Lt. Joseph W. Baker (DC), on disch. trtmf. Norfolk Nav. Hosp., Portsmouth, Va.; to temp. duty Nav. Operating Base, Norfolk, Va.

Asiatic Despatch Orders Dated Nov. 4, 1935

Lt. Comdr. Ryland D. Tisdale, det. staff, Dest. S. dn. 5; to duty as Capt. of Yard, 16th Nav. Dist.; and C. O., Nav. Sta., Olongapo.

Lt. Thomas A. Huckins, det. staff, Asiatic Fleet; to Dest. Sqdn. 5.

Lt. Thomas M. Brown, det. command USS S. 36; to USS Monocacy.

Lt. (jg) Howard J. Abbott, det. USS Peary; to instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ens. George H. Laird, Jr., det. USS Canopus; to instn. Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Comdr. Fredric L. Conklin (MC), det. 4th Reg. Marines; to Rec. Ship at New York, N. Y.

Elev. Carl W. Schumacher, ors. to USS Boggs cancelled. To Naval Academy.

Navy Dept.
Marine Corps

Lt. (jg) Henry T. Hodgskin, Jr., det. VB Sqdn. 2B (USS Saratoga) in Dec.; to c. f. o. aviation unit, USS Quincy and on board when commissioned.

Ens. Arthur K. Espenias, det. USS Ranger about Nov. 30; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. Comdr. Joash I. Yohannan (MC), det. USS Guam, in Feb.; to Receiving Sta., Norfolk, Va.

Lt. (jg) Clarence R. Pents (MC), det. USS New Mexico; to Naval Dispensary, Long Beach, Calif.

Ch. Pay Clk. Charles L. Elkins, det. Nav. Air Sta., Lakehurst, N. J., in Dec.; to Pit. Air Base, Coco Solo, C. Z.

November 18, 1935

Capt. MacGillivray Milne, det. as Insp. of Ord. in Chge. Nav. Amun. Depot, Dover (Lake Denmark), N. J., about Dec. 31; to duty as Comdt. Nav. Sta., Tutuila, Samoa.

Lt. Comdr. Edward Sparrow, to duty as 1st Lieutenant, USS Relief.

Lt. (jg) Charles S. Hutchings, det. USS Fox about Nov. 30; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. (jg) Robert P. Walker, det. USS Tennessee about Nov. 30; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. Comdr. William A. Epstein (MC), det. Subm. Base, New London, Conn., about Dec. 1, to USS San Francisco.

Lt. Comdr. Allen Hoar (MC), det. Navy Yard, Phila., Pa., in Nov.; to Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.

MARINE CORPS

November 8, 1935

Col. Robert B. Farquharson, on Nov. 24, 1935, detached Hdqrs., Marine Corps, Wash., D. C., and ordered to his home. Retired as of Dec. 1, 1935.

Maj. Chester L. Gurne, orders detaching this officer from MB, Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif., to MB, NAS, Pensacola, Fla., revoked.

Capt. Leslie G. Wayt, retired as of December 1, 1935.

Capt. William M. Radcliffe, retired as of December 1, 1935.

Capt. John F. Talbot, retired as of December 1, 1935.

Capt. Francis S. Kieren, retired as of December 1, 1935.

Capt. John A. Tebbes, retired as of December 1, 1935.

Capt. Jesse A. Nelson, retired as of December 1, 1935.

Capt. Oliver C. Hine, detached MB, Norfolk Navy Yard, Portsmouth, Va., and ordered to his home, to retire January 1, 1936.

1st Lt. Joseph H. Berry, on Nov. 25, 1935, detached Aircraft 2, FMF, NAS, San Diego, Calif., to MCB, NOB, San Diego, Calif.

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SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Moffett Field Protest Brewing.—When Secretary of War Dern lands at San Francisco next month from his trip to Japan and Manila, he will be met by bolling hot delegations of citizens representing the San Francisco Bay communities who put up the money for the purchase of the land that has since been converted to a Navy Air Base at Sunnyvale, California.

These citizens will tell Mr. Dern that they have been double-crossed as a result of the swap engineered by the Army and Navy, whereby Moffett Field, at Sunnyvale was deeded by the Navy to ownership by the Army.

The Bay cities, who they claim are out of pocket to the tune of \$450,000, assert that the Army Air Corps has no present intention of utilizing their newly acquired Moffett Field for much else than a livery stable to shelter the out-moded Army biplane TC-10.

This being the case, say the citizens, little Army money will be distributed at Sunnyvale, thence to find its way into the channels of trade in San Jose, Palo Alto, Mountain View, San Francisco, Alameda, Oakland and South San Francisco.

Back of the Army's intentions to concentrate West Coast heavier-than-air operations at Hamilton Field, across the Golden Gate in Marin County; at March Field, Riverside, Calif.; at Crissy Field, Presidio of San Francisco, and at Salt Lake City, and thus to shunt Sunnyvale out of the picture, the Bay cities say is a personal dislike for Sunnyvale, that is indulged by both Army and Navy Officers. The latter, say the Bay citizens, never cared for the idea of leaving Coronado to live at Sunnyvale. They were accordingly glad to hand Moffett Field over to the Army and be transferred to the Navy's new acquisition, Rockwell Field, adjoining North Island, Navy air field at Coronado.

When the crash of the "Macon" put an end to all naval dirigible operations at Sunnyvale, the Bay city people who had originally provided the money to purchase the 1000-acre field as a gift to the Navy, urged that Moffett Field be converted to a great Navy seaplane base. Had this been done, the Bay cities would have been satisfied in reaping the returns on their investment from the naval air operations that would have ensued.

The Navy decided against this proposal and proceeded to negotiate the swap under the terms of which the Navy acquired the Army air fields: Bolling Field, Anacostia, Washington, D. C.; Rockwell Field, Coronado, and Fort Island, Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.

Army bombardment plane units, formerly at Rockwell Field have been transferred—not to Sunnyvale, but to March Field, Riverside. Army airplane overhaul shops and civilian personnel will go either to Riverside or to Salt Lake City.

The Bay cities—their enormous investment at Sunnyvale in jeopardy—will not accept the new situation lying down. Hence the Bay cities delegations that will stand at the foot of the gang plank when Secretary Dern comes ashore at San Francisco next month.

Colonel Hammond's Task—Another example of the value of military men in civilian positions is the enormous progress made and being made by Col. Thomas W. Hammond, USA-Ret., in his position as Commissioner of Sanitation for the City of New York. Under his administration efficiency has been greatly increased, costs reduced, graft eliminated, and politics taken out of the organization. The budget now proposed for 1936 is \$28,112,825.07, which is nearly eleven millions dollars less than in 1932. The cost of snow removal in the winter of 1933-34 was \$443 a cubic yard as compared with \$385 in 1934-35.

The cost of disposing of dead animals in 1933 (and for each of several years before that) was \$167,000. The cost this year will be less than \$50,000. Colonel

Hammond's estimate for next year is less than \$10,000. The cost of disposal of ashes, garbage and rubbish in Brooklyn now under city operation is about \$2,500,000 less than it was in 1932, when it was let out to a private contractor. The cost of collection of garbage, rubbish and ashes in Richmond for 1933 was \$2.17 a cubic yard, while the cost during 1935 has been \$1.19 a cubic yard.

By completing the alterations to two incinerators in Manhattan, and by redesigning and altering three in Brooklyn and two in Queens, the burning capacity has been increased by 41%; and in the case of the Manhattan incinerators the cost of operations was reduced about \$200,000 a year.

These and many other facts attest to the value of Colonel Hammond's services to the City of New York.

"Arms, Ammunitions and Implements of War"—Enforcement of the neutrality resolution, insofar as it applies to the registration of persons engaged in the manufacture, exportation, or importation, will involve indirectly upon the War Department. Procurement officers were advised this week that they must require all bidders on arms, ammunitions and implements of war who come within the provisions of the act to certify that they have complied with the law by registering with the State Department and must submit a copy of their certificate when the contract is executed.

Incidentally, the interesting fact becomes known that all persons who deal in arms, ammunitions and implements of war will not be required to register. The War Department advises its procurement officers that the State Department holds that the Joint Resolution need not be considered as applying to dealers unless such dealers are also engaged in the manufacture, exportation, or importation of such articles.

General Cocheu Retires.—Maj. Gen. Frank Sherwood Cocheu, USA, who reaches the retirement age November 22, will pass from the active list the last of this month.

General Cocheu was born Nov. 22, 1871, in New York, from which State he was appointed to the United States Military Academy. Upon his graduation in 1894 he was appointed a second Lieutenant of Infantry.

After graduation General Cocheu was assigned to the 12th Infantry. He accompanied his regiment to Cuba during the Spanish-American War and participated in the engagements of El Caney and San Juan Hill, where his conduct resulted in a nomination for a brevet for gallantry in action. In February, 1899, he sailed with his regiment for the Philippine Islands where he participated in many engagements. He returned to the United States in 1902 and after two years was again to the Philippines for service from March, 1904, to April, 1906.

General Cocheu took the course at the Army War College in 1907-08 and then served on the General Staff until August, 1911. He was the Army representative at the Navy War College in the summer of 1908 and then for the next three years was Assistant Director of the Army War College. Going to Panama in 1911 in addition to other duty with troops he served as a member of the Panama Land Defense Board. Upon his return to the United States from Panama, he again was detailed on the General Staff from December, 1914 to August, 1917.

During the World War, he was in command of the 319th Infantry of the 80th Division. He was colonel of that regiment during the period of its organization and training at Camp Lee, Virginia. He accompanied it overseas and remained with it during all its engagements to October, 1918 when he was promoted to brigadier general of the National Army, and was assigned to the 58th Brigade of the 29th Division with which he returned to the United States in May, 1919.

After the War, General Cocheu was graduated from the General Staff School, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, in 1920, and from the Army War College in 1921. He then served for four years at the Headquarters of the Third Corps Area in Baltimore, Maryland, where he was first in charge of affairs of the Organized Reserves and later Chief of Staff. From 1925 to 1927, he was Assistant Commandant of the Infantry School at Fort Benning, Ga. In 1927, he was promoted to brigadier general and assigned to command the 4th Coast Artillery District at Fort McPherson, Ga. From 1928 to 1931, he commanded the 3d Brigade at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, and from 1931 to 1933, he commanded the Fourth Brigade at Fort Francis E. Warren, Wyoming. Since 1933, General Cocheu has been in command of the Philippine Division.

For his service during the World War, General Cocheu was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal.

He also was awarded the Conspicuous Service Medal by the State of New York, and was cited for services during the Escobar Revolution in Mexico.

Reserve Officers Disabled—In connection with pay and allowances accruing during disability to Army Air Corps Reserve Officers, the Comptroller General recently stated: "The beginning of the six months' period during which the personnel covered by the act of April 26, 1928, 45 Stat. 461, may continue to receive pay and allowances, is the date following that on which the disability occurred, and not the date of termination of active duty specified in the orders, notwithstanding active duty orders issued subsequent to date of, but during disability."

Medical Officer "Non-flying Officer"—In a decision handed down this week, the Comptroller General denied to an Army flight surgeon the full aviation pay for his rank, declaring that he was a "non-flying officer" within the meaning of the Act of April 26, 1934.

Comptroller McCarl informed Maj. E. T. Comegys, finance officer at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., that Maj. Andrew W. Smith, MC, USA, was entitled to only \$1440 a year in flight pay, that being the maximum payable to "non-flying officers" in accordance with the above quoted 1935 appropriation act. While Major Smith is a pilot and a qualified Flight Surgeon and his duties and orders require him to regularly participate in aerial flights. Under the Act of July 2, 1926, the term "flying officer," the Comptroller said, is defined as follows:

"Wherever used in this Act a flying officer in time of peace is defined as one who has received an aeronautical rating as a pilot of service types of aircraft: *Provided*, That all officers of the Air Corps now holding any rating as a pilot, shall be considered as flying officers within the meaning of this Act: *Provided further*, That hereafter in order to receive a rating as a pilot in time of peace an officer or an enlisted man must fly in heavier-than-air craft at least two hundred hours while acting as a pilot, seventy-five of which must be alone, and must successfully complete the course prescribed by competent authority: *And provided further*, That in time of war a flying officer may include any officer who has received an aeronautical rating as a pilot of service types of aircraft and also in time of war may include any officer who has received an aeronautical rating as observer."

"This law," the Comptroller said, "defining flying officers has application to the officers authorized to be commissioned in, or detailed with the Air Corps of the Regular Army. Obviously a medical officer who had a pilot's rating could not command a flying unit. It follows that non-flying officers above the grade of captain are those commissioned in or directly detailed to the Air Corps who have not received an aeronautical rating as a pilot of service types of aircraft, and all officers detailed to duty requiring regular and frequent participation in aerial flights, who are not commissioned in or detailed with the Air Corps of the Regular Army."

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Army Orders

(Continued from Page 213)

month and twenty-five days is granted effective Nov. 23.

Capt. Hubert M. Cole, from New York, N. Y., to 76th FA, Presidio of Monterey, Calif., sailing from N. Y. Dec. 28.

Lt. Col. John E. Mort, from Ft. Hayes, Lt. Col. Mert Proctor, from Newburgh, N. Y., to 1st FA, Brigade, Ft. Hoyle, Md.

Capt. John McDowell is on duty in the Philippines as Assistant Legal Adviser to the Governor General at Manila.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. HARRY L. STEELE, C. of CAC. Maj. Donald M. Cole, from Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y., to Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., for observation and treatment.

Capt. Edward Barber, from 2nd CA, to instructor Coast Artillery School, Ft. Monroe, Va.

Capt. Ernest B. Thompson, from 52nd CA, to instructor Coast Artillery School, Ft. Monroe, Va.

1st Lt. Arnold Sommer, from Philippine Dept., to 62nd CA, Ft. Totten, N. Y.

1st Lt. Oscar J. Levin, from student, to 52nd CA, Ft. Monroe, Va.

Maj. James deB. Walbach, from Philippine Dept., to Instructor, CAC, N. C. NG, Wilmington, N. C.

INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. EDWARD CROFT, C. of INF. Col. Walter C. Short, from Jefferson Bks., Mo., to assistant commandant, the Infantry School, Ft. Benning, Ga.

Capt. Vernon L. Nash, upon his own application after more than 21 years' service is retired Dec. 31.

Maj. George D. Condren, from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to Instructor, Inf., Wis. NG, Portage, Wis.

Maj. John H. Lucas, from Ft. Howard, Md., to his home and await retirement.

Lt. Col. John H. Hester, from Puerto Rico, to 34th Inf., Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

Following officers from Hawaiian Dept., to 24th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga.

1st Lt. Clifton D. Blackford.

1st Lt. Charles Lewis.

1st Lt. Edward I. Sachs.

Col. Edgar A. Fry (N. G. B.), from Washington, D. C., to Ft. Hayes, Ohio.

Maj. Edwin H. Johnson, previous orders revoked.

Maj. Leslie T. Lathrop, from Ft. Devens, Mass., to OR, 1st Corps Area, Bridgeport, Conn.

AIR CORPS

MAJ. GEN. BENJAMIN D. FOULOIS, C. of AC.

1st Lt. Richard A. Grussendorf, from present assignment to flight commander, 37th Attack Squad, Langley Fld., Va., with temporary rank of Capt.

Capt. (1st Lt.) Edgar A. Sirmyer, Jr., from flight commander, 33rd Pur. Squad, to intelligence and operations officer, 33rd Pur. Squad, Langley Fld., Va.

1st Lt. Jarred V. Crabbs, assigned operations officer, station complement, Selfridge Fld., Mich., with temporary rank of Capt.

Capt. (1st Lt.) Walter R. Agee, from 11th Bomb. Squad., to flight commander, 88th Obsr. Squad, Hamilton Fld., Calif.

Capt. (1st Lt.) Richard C. Lindsay, from 88th Bomb. Squad., to flight commander, 88th Obsr. Squad., Hamilton Fld., Calif.

Capt. (1st Lt.) Richard I. Dugan, from 88th Obsr. Squad., to flight commander, 11th Bomb. Squad., Hamilton Fld., Calif.

Maj. (Capt.) Her McClellan, from temporary rank and Bolling Fld., D. C., to Wright Fld., Ohio.

Maj. Edmund W. Hill, assigned air officer on staff of corps area commander, 6th Corps Area, Chicago, Ill., with temporary rank of Lt. Col.

Following 1st Lts. assigned duty after name, at Maxwell Fld., Ala., with temporary rank of Capt.:

George H. Sparhawk, flight commander, 8th Attack Squad.

John A. Ackerman, flight commander, 86th Obsr. Squad.

Following 1st Lts. assigned flight commanders with organization after name, Langley Fld., Calif., with temporary rank of Capt.:

Lawrence H. Douthit, 95th Attack Squad.

Guy F. Hix, 34th Attack Squad.

Following 2nd Lts. assigned duty after name at Maxwell Fld., Ala., with temporary rank of 1st Lt.:

Edward J. Hale, engineering officer, 87th Pur. Squad.

Daniel I. Moler, engineering officer, 86th Obsr. Squad.

Clayton B. Claassen, transport officer, 84th Ser. Squad.

Following 1st Lts. assigned flight commander with organization after name, Langley Fld., Va., with temporary rank of Capt.:

Joseph A. Bulger, 33rd Pur. Squad.

Stuart G. McLennan, 37th Attack Squad.

Capt. (1st Lt.) Russell A. Wilson, from

ARMY AND NAVY FOOTBALL**SO FAR THIS SEASON**

| Army | Navy |
|---------------------------------|--|
| No game scheduled | Sept. 28.....Defeated William and Mary, 30-0 |
| Defeated William and Mary, 14-0 | Oct. 5.....Defeated Mercer, 27-0 |
| No game scheduled | Oct. 10.....Defeated Virginia, 26-7 |
| Defeated Gettysburg, 54-0 | Oct. 12.....No game scheduled. |
| Defeated Harvard, 13-0 | Oct. 19.....Lost to Yale, 7-6 |
| Defeated Yale, 14-8 | Oct. 26.....Lost to Notre Dame, 14-0 |
| Lost to Mississippi State, 13-7 | Nov. 2.....Lost to Princeton, 26-0 |
| Lost to Pittsburgh, 29-6 | Nov. 9.....Defeated Pennsylvania, 18-0 |

BALANCE OF SEASON

| | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Notre Dame (at New York City) | Nov. 16.....Columbia |
| Vermont | Nov. 23.....No game scheduled |
| Navy (at Philadelphia) | Nov. 30.....Army (at Philadelphia) |

(All games at home unless otherwise indicated.)

FOR THE RECORD BOOK

| | | Points | First Yards | Games | Season's | |
|-----------|--------|--------|-------------|-------|----------|------------|
| | Scored | Downs | Gained | Won | Lost | Percentage |
| Army | 108 | 81 | 2063 | 4 | 2 | .667 |
| Opponents | 48 | 33 | 1275 | | | |
| Navy | 102 | 85 | 2189 | 4 | 3 | .571 |
| Opponents | 54 | 62 | 1871 | | | |

Points scored by Army—Meyer, 6; Craig, 6; Ryan, 15; Goldenburg, 5; Grove, 27; Nazarro, 12; Janzan, 12; Underwood, 6; Kaspas, 6; Grohs, 6; True, 6; Kopcsak, 1. Points scored by Navy—Thomas, 12; Fellows, 18; Robertshaw, 6; Wiliale, 6; Antrim, 24; Bull, 7; Fluke, 4; Schmidt, 24; Cole, 1.

8th Pur. Group, to flight commander, 36th Pur. Squad., Langley Fld., Va.

LEAVES

One month and fifteen days, Nov. 11, Capt. Charles G. Goodrich, AC.

Maj. Ingomar M. Oseth, Inf., four months, Jan. 3, 1936.

Maj. David A. Watt, AGD, two months, Jan. 3, 1936.

Capt. Charles P. Cullen, Inf., two months, Nov. 12.

Capt. John G. Moore, AC, one month and twenty days, Nov. 20.

Lt. Col. Herbert E. Marshburn, Inf., one month, Nov. 25.

Capt. William A. Murphy, Inf., three months and fourteen days, Nov. 15.

Lt. Col. Mert Proctor, FA, one month and fifteen days, Nov. 15.

Maj. Gustaf H. Ericson, CAC, two months and seventeen days, Nov. 14.

2nd Lt. Raymond J. Reeves (Cav.), AC, one month and ten days, Dec. 7.

PROMOTIONS

The promotion of each of the following named officers is announced:

Name and arm or service From To Date of rank

Infantry

H. S. Chamness Capt. Maj. Nov. 10

Medical Corps

V. J. Erkenbeck 1st Lt. Capt. Nov. 12

A. H. Thompson 1st Lt. Capt. Nov. 12

TRANSFERS

Capt. Elton F. Hammond (FA), SC, to SC.

Maj. Rufus Boylan (Inf.), QMC, to QMC.

Maj. Ralph B. Lovett (Inf.), AGD, to AGD.

1st Lt. Earle F. Cook (CAC), SC, to SC.

WARRANT OFFICER

W. O. Leo J. Bon, upon his own application after more than 30 years' service is retired Nov. 30, with rank of 1st Lt.

W. O. James R. Henderson, to Army retiring board for examination, Washington, D. C.

RETIREEMENT OF ENLISTED MEN

The retirement of the following enlisted men at the place indicated on Nov. 30, is announced:

Sgt. Juan Lopez, CA (PS), Ft. Mills, P. I.

Sgt. Mamerto Vargas, CA (PS), Ft. Mills, P. I.

1st Sgt. Moses K. Justice, Inf., Ft. Clayton, C. Z.

1st Lt. John H. Felgenhauer, Inf., Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

1st Sgt. Charles V. Williams, CA, Ft. Monroe, Va.

1st Sgt. Ora Dossett, FA, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

1st Sgt. Houston Chitwood, CAC, Ft. McDowell, Calif.

RESERVES

The following promoted to grade after name:

1st Lt. A. B. Adams, QM-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. E. T. Norman, Med.-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. T. A. Brown, Inf.-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. J. G. Wagner, FA-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. C. Feeney, CA-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. L. D. Puffenberger, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

1st Lt. Q. A. Sanders, Inf.-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. P. A. Swedenburg, Med.-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. W. D. Willis, Med.-Res., to Capt.

2nd Lt. H. B. Thorpe, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. W. H. Wiley, Inf.-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. H. G. Bohnenkamp, FA-Res., to 1st Lt.

1st Lt. W. P. Kistler, Cav.-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. G. Moore, FA-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. H. A. McColl, Inf.-Res., to Capt.

Ft. Dupont Challenges Army

Ft. Dupont, Dela.—By having defeated the three leading contenders in rapid succession, Capt. B. F. Chadwick's First Engineer football team has won the Second Corps Area football championship for the second time in 2 years. Ft. Dupont defeated Ft. Totten 32-0; Ft. Jay 12-7 and last Sunday sewed up the race by eliminating the strong Ft. Monmouth team 6-0. Any team in the 2nd Corps Area has the right to dispute the 1st Engineer's claim for the title by the mere expedient of challenging the ditch digging sappers of Ft. Dupont to a post season game.

Ft. Dupont wishes to challenge the winner of any other Army Corps Area championship to a game on December 8th to decide the championship of the whole Army. Challenges should be sent either to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL or to the Post Athletic Officer, Ft. Dupont, Dela.

CCC Activities

Robert Fechner, Director of Emergency Conservation Work, has announced that contracts had been awarded during the month of October for the purchase of 226 trucks, twenty-two tractors, 208 air compressors, ninety snow plows and a considerable quantity of other materials needed for the use of the Civilian Conservation Corps during the current winter. The aggregate cost of the items listed in the table was \$1,183,905.10.

A seventy-man unit of the Civilian Conservation Corps is carrying out road and trail construction on the slopes of an active volcano in the Hawaii National Park on the island of Hawaii.

When completed, the new truck trail will extend for eleven miles up the side of the mountain. While the trail is being constructed primarily as a fire protection measure, it will be utilized by visitors to the Hawaii National Park. Heretofore it has taken nearly two days of hard horseback riding over sharp lava fields to reach the summit of the volcano; over the new trail it will require but one day.

While the trail now being constructed does not reach the summit, some forty miles from park headquarters, it is the initial step in a proposed route to the top, 13,675 feet above sea level. The trail will be eight feet wide, surfaced with crushed rock. Efforts have been made to conserve all natural features of the surrounding area, which is all a part of the Hawaii National Park. When the trail meets giant koa trees, native to the islands, the men build the trail around the trees rather than detour around the trees rather than destroy the timber. Unique lava formations of interest to geologists are also being preserved.

Work on the trail was begun early in September and will be completed possibly next June or July. Nearly a mile has been constructed, using man power entirely.

6th Engineers to Meet

Col. Edmond L. Daley of the Army War College in Washington, D. C., will preside at the annual dinner of the 6th U. S. Engineers of the Third Division, to be held at Hotel Astor on November 16, at 6 o'clock. An all-day session, which is to begin at 9:30 in the morning, will precede the dinner.

The organization is the oldest officers' society in the Army, most of its members having served on the British front during the World War.

QM School Lecture

"The Federal Reserve System" was the subject of a very informative lecture given at The Quartermaster Corps School, Philadelphia, Pa., on November 14, 1935, by the Deputy Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of Philadelphia, Mr. W. H. Hutt. Mr. Hutt has held office in Philadelphia since 1918.

When answering advertisements please mention the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

General Craig and the National Guard

Assurances of General Malin Craig's continued concern for the development of the National Guard of the United States and of his determination to "continue the constructive policies so ably established by his distinguished predecessor, General MacArthur" were given to the National Guard Association at its recent convention by Brig. Gen. Andrew Moses, USA, who attended as the personal representative of the Chief of Staff.

"I am indeed sorry that the Chief of Staff could not be here at this time," General Moses said. "We are fortunate that General Craig brings to his high office the ripe experience of a field soldier who has had varied experience in all grades as a commander and as a staff officer. His experience as an Assistant Chief of Staff, as head of the Operations and Training Division of the War Department General Staff, and his long experience as a Corps Area Commander assures sympathetic and full appreciation of the problems affecting the National Guard. As you know, General Craig had command of the Ninth Corps Area for more than four years. His associations with the National Guard were close and most cordial. They began during the World War with his service with the 41st Division which he helped organize and train. He served with that division as Chief of Staff from August, 1917, until January, 1918, and recalls with pleasure and deep appreciation his associations with the old timers of the division, Major General George A. White and other war comrades, for whom he holds a lasting affection. During recent years he has watched with pride and pleasure the growth of the 40th and 41st Divisions to their present military effectiveness. Another source of satisfaction is the fine cooperation he received from the State Adjutants General in the Ninth Corps Area.

"General Craig feels keenly the loss of his warm personal friend, General Seth E. Howard of California. He desires especially that I pay his tribute to that fine soldier and gentleman whose untimely death is such a great loss to the National Guard, the state, and the country.

"Perhaps some of you may feel that the Chief of Staff, like the famous tower, leans a little, but leans toward the West, but I assure you he desires to establish the same cordial relationship with the entire National Guard. He regrets exceedingly that he cannot be here to meet all of you and to assure you personally of his continued concern for the development of the National Guard of the United States."

Speaking of the relationship of the Chief of Staff to the National Guard, General Moses said:

"Today you are making excellent progress, a progress the War Department desires in every way to encourage and foster. The Chief of Staff desires me to assure you it will be his pleasure to continue the constructive policies so ably established by his distinguished predecessor, General MacArthur. It is appropriate here to quote that portion of Section 2 of the National Defense Act that fixes the responsibility of the Chief of Staff in connection with the development of the National Guard as a reserve component of the Army of the United States:

The Chief of Staff shall exercise the same supervision and control of the reserve components of the Army of the United States as he does over the Regular Army.

"As to the initiation of policies and regulations through which the Chief of Staff exercises control over the National Guard and the National Guard of the United States, it is appropriate to quote further from Section 2 of the National Defense Act:

All policies and regulations affecting the organization and distribution of the National Guard of the United States, and all policies and regulations affecting the organization, distribution, and training of the National Guard, shall be prepared by committees of appropriate branches or divisions of the War Department General Staff, to which shall be added an equal number of officers from the

National Guard of the United States, whose names are borne on lists of officers suitable for such duty, submitted by the governors of their respective States and Territories, and for the District of Columbia by the Commanding General, District of Columbia National Guard.

There shall be not less than ten officers on duty in the War Department General Staff, one half of whom shall be from the National Guard of the United States and one half from the Officers' Reserve Corps. For the purpose specified herein such officers shall be regarded as additional members of the General Staff while so serving: Provided further, That the Chief of Staff shall transmit to the Secretary of War the policies and regulations prepared as hereinbefore prescribed in this paragraph and advise him in regard thereto. After action by the Secretary of War thereon the Chief of Staff shall act as the agent of the Secretary of War in carrying the same into effect.

"I quote these provisions of the National Defense Act because they give briefly the provisions of law which insure the participation of National Guard officers in the preparation of policies and regulations affecting the National Guard. The policies governing the detail and tour of duty of National Guard officers on the War Department General Staff assure that there will continue to be experienced National Guard officers on the General Staff committees. My personal observation has been that the National Guard Committee has been most careful to weigh every aspect of each question referred to it. Their deliberations have been harmonious. Their recommendations have been sound and have furnished to the Chief of Staff and to the Secretary of War the bases of policies for the best interests of the National Guard and of the National Defense. An officer of the National Guard is on duty with each one of the five divisions of the War Department General Staff. The National Guard Bureau is a part of the War Department, and the Chief of the National Guard Bureau is a member of the General Council. It is thus assured that the viewpoint of the National Guard will be presented in all questions related to the National Defense.

What of the future?

"The Regular Army and the National Guard are not standing still. I shall briefly indicate some of the guide posts for our common development. They point to the gradual but complete modernization of the Army of the United States, objective training, and speedy mobilization.

Equipment

"The equipment objectives of the War Department for the Regular Army and the National Guard are set forth in the last annual report of the Chief of Staff and are as follows:

Mechanization—Seven separate armored car troops for use with three Regular and four National Guard cavalry divisions.

Motorization—The motorization program of the War Department with respect to both the Regular Army and National Guard has been worked out. About 18,000 vehicles are still required.

Rifles—A semi-automatic rifle for every rifleman in the Regular Army and like equipment for the National Guard, set up in a five-year program.

Artillery—Modification of all field guns pertaining to active units of the Regular Army and National Guard, both for high-speed towage and for increasing flexibility of fire.

Antiaircraft artillery—Complete equipment of all active regiments of the Regular Army and National Guard.

Chemical Warfare Service—Procurement in five years of necessary defensive and protective equipment for the Regular Army and the National Guard.

Ammunition reserve—Gradual accumulation in essential calibres to meet the needs of the Regular Army and National Guard at full peace strength for 30 days of active operation.

Miscellaneous equipment—Infantry mortars, various classifications of machine guns, search lights, signal equipment, and other essential items for the Regular Army and National Guard at full peace strength.

"From this brief summary you will see that the program provides for the

parallel development of the Regular Army and National Guard as to items of equipment. You will realize that appropriations will be necessary to carry out this progressive plan. Priorities must be established to the end that we insure procurement of the most essential items first, others to follow. Much work has already been accomplished and our procurement program is fairly well established. The progress of the National Guard toward motorization is especially gratifying. Even more gratifying are the reports of the operations of motorized units.

Training—The peace time training of both the Regular Army and the National Guard can have but one mission: Effectiveness in combat. To this end training programs are being subjected to more and more scrutiny to see that training in fundamentals is thorough and progressive. Economy of time, especially where it has such strict limitations, forces upon both the Regular Army and the National Guard focal attention upon the battlefield. In this respect our problems are identical because of the many peace time missions of the Regular Army as compared to that of the National Guard. Readiness for M-Day mobilization and operation is our common goal."

Independent Communications

Maj. Gen. James G. Harbord, USA-Ret., chairman of the Board of the Radio Corporation of America, in an address at Princeton University Nov. 12 said that constant laboratory work by engineers, closely correlated with everyday practical experience, has given the United States communication independence.

New York instead of London is now the communication capital of the world, the General stated. Before 1920 our country had to accept a "party line" in international telegraphy, he pointed out, adding that whereas we formerly had direct cable connection with only two nations of Europe, and with few nations elsewhere, we are now linked by highspeed radio with all the important countries of the globe, many of them difficult or impossible to reach by cable.

General Harbord made the statement in discussing "The Engineer's Place in Radio Communication." His address was given in the series by outstanding industrialists in the Cyrus Fogg Brackett Lectureship in Applied Engineering and Technology at the university's School of Engineering.

"In the science of communication," General Harbord said, "beginning with great handicaps, man is now obviously seeking to reach that status at which communication will appeal simultaneously to every channel of intelligence used when we speak face to face.

"In the radio laboratories of today progress has been made that promises the possibility of flashing entire pages of hand or typewritten letters by highspeed facsimile, instead of by the dots and dashes of the Morse code. When that arrives as a practical service, the sender of a telegram and the man who receives it will have a closer, more personal contact.

"The ultimate achievement of communication will come when we, at last, can see the man who is talking to us, even though he is in a distant city, when we watch every change of his expression, catch every tone of his voice."

As to high-speed facsimile, he reported an experimental, non-commercial, service between New York City and Philadelphia would be inaugurated before the end of the year.

"When such facsimile eventually is perfected," General Harbord said, "so that it can take its place in a regular commercial service, the dots and dashes of the Morse code will be as old-fashioned as the first spark transmitters would be in a modern radio station."

General Brown Commands Panama

Maj. Gen. Harold B. Fiske left Panama 10:00 A. M. November 10. Maj. Gen. Lytle Brown assumed command of the Department that date.

Coast Guard News

As the four year term of Capt. Robert B. Adams as Engineer-in-Chief of the Coast Guard draws to a close, considerable speculation is heard as to his successor.

On Dec. 17, Captain Adams will complete his second tour as Engineer-in-Chief, the only Coast Guard position other than that of the Commandant which is appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate. His reappointment is not looked for, in view of the policy of the Administration against continuing officers of the armed services in posts more than one tour, and also because of the fact that he has been in poor health for the past year or so.

Those eligible for the position are all engineering captains, commanders, and lieutenants commanders, although senior commanders and captains are as a rule the only ones considered. Most frequently mentioned for the post is Comdr. Harvey F. Johnson. During Captain Adams' illness he has been acting engineer-in-chief, and as considered the most likely choice. He would be advanced to captain if appointed. However, if a captain is selected he gets no increase in either rank or pay.

Captain Adams, although eligible for retirement is expected to remain on active duty and go to Jacksonville, Fla., as division engineer. He does not retire for age until 1940.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Gibbons and Admiral Hamlet are both expected to be present for the Annual Home Coming at the Coast Guard Academy in New London today.

The featured event of the day will be the football game with Norwich University, the traditional rival of the "Kaydets". A dinner for officers and guests will be held at 6:30, followed by a dance at Billard Hall.

Assignment of the seven large cruising cutters now building at navy yards has been made by Headquarters. The vessels, due for completion next Fall and Winter will be stationed at the following points: Boston; New York City; Puerto Rico; San Diego; San Francisco; Cordova, Alaska; and Honolulu.

Upon the reporting of the 328-foot cutter at Boston, the permanent station of the Mojave will be transferred to Port Everglades, Fla., and when the one assigned to New York arrives, the Tampa will be stationed at St. Petersburg, Fla. A study is now being undertaken by the Permanent Board as to other reallocations which will be necessary upon the completion of these ships.

According to the November 1 joint report of the Navy Department Bureaus of Engineering and Construction and Repair, the four cutters now building at the Philadelphia Navy Yard are more than one-third completed. The percentage of completion of machinery as to the four vessels is given as 36.9, while as to hull, they are complete as follows: George W. Campbell, 42.6%; Samuel D. Ingham, 40.3%; William J. Duane, 41.5%; Roger B. Taney, 37.6%. In the order named they are scheduled to be finished in July, September, November of next year and January, 1937. However, a delay beyond these dates is indicated, the report stated. The Alexander Hamilton and John C. Spencer, building at the New York Navy Yard and due for completion, Jan. 1, 1937, are 27.6% completed as to hull and 24% as to machinery. The George M. Biddle, under construction at the Charleston, S. C. Navy Yard, also due to be finished on Jan. 1, 1937, is 19.9% completed as to hull and 4.8% as to machinery.

A report has been received at Headquarters that the last of the commercial vessels have left the Bering Sea, and the Bering Sea Patrol has been discontinued for the year. The Northland is en route to the United States, it was stated.

Jews in War and Peace

Col. Alva J. Brasted, Chief of Chaplains of the Army, in an address at the Armistice Services at the Jewish Community Center Nov. 10, extolled the record of the Jews in war and peace.

"Truly the Jews may well be proud of their record in the World War," Chaplain Brasted said. "Authorities tell us that: 'The best available evidence indicates that there were from 200,000 to 250,000 American Jews in the World War. One thousand American Jews received citations of valor.'

"The entire Jewish population of the United States is about 3 per cent of the total population. The Jews in the military and naval forces of the United States, however, constituted from 4 to 5 per cent of the total personnel. On the face of these figures it would seem that the Jews contributed at least one-third more than their share to the armed forces of the United States."

"The Congressional Medal was conferred on 3 Jewish soldiers out of a total number of 78 that were conferred on all soldiers."

"The total number of American Jewish casualties exceeded 14,000, 2,800 of whom made the supreme sacrifice."

"The 77th Division was about 40 per cent Jews."

"The Jewish people have done their part in every war this country has had."

"I deeply appreciate the honor of participating in this program this evening in this Jewish Community Center. I am honored to be with you and I honor the Jews. They have distinguished themselves in every field of endeavor, the field of arts and sciences, history, fiction, philosophy, business, and finance, etc. While not a war-like people, they have, as the World War illustrates, furnished more than their quota of both leadership and rank and file in wars where they have shared responsibility; but the outstanding contribution of the Jewish race, the contribution that has meant far more to civilization than any other that has ever been made, is that of the monotheistic religion. God speaking through the Jews, His chosen people, gave the world the truth as it is revealed today in the book which we are pleased to call 'His Word,' and men should note that Religion is the greatest power in the world, for a man's religion includes his object of worship, his ideals, his moral standards and it directs his will, mind and hands. It is his inspiration and the dynamo of his soul. No people have ever risen above their religion."

"Yet the Jews have been persecuted in almost every land. They have been driven from pillar to post but the Good Lord has not deserted them. Though scattered they have held together. Their bonds of loyalty, love and faith have not been broken. They have not forgotten the God of their fathers."

"God grant that the Stars and Stripes, emblematic of justice and toleration, shall ever guarantee to the Jews, and to all beneath its folds, that protection and freedom vouchsafed by the fundamental law of our land."

"On this Armistice Day world peace messages will be declared everywhere throughout our land, and no one is more desirous of peace than the soldiers who from experience know what a hell war is. We know the tremendous cost of war. We don't have to sit at the feet of ultra-pacifists to learn that war is what Sherman said it was. It is my most earnest prayer that America shall be forevermore preserved in peace, but I had rather see my country at war, fighting for truth and righteousness, than to see her at peace persecuting and murdering in cold blood her best citizens."

"I think that on these special days set apart to teach patriotism that the fact should be stressed that we have a country that is worth defending. Some people don't seem to realize that the liberties that have come down to us at the cost of supreme sacrifice are worth defending. I wish that all these preachers and others who have said that under no condition, not even to defend America against an aggressor, will they take part in another war, might spend a year in

a country where there is no freedom of worship, no freedom of speech, no freedom of the press, no freedom of the ballot, no freedom to choose a vocation or profession: no freedom. They would return to this country with a greater appreciation of it, and with the conviction that for the good of civilization it better be safely guarded by adequate armed forces. Yes, we have a country worth defending, a country where every citizen of proper age, not disqualified because of a criminal record, having established a residence, is entitled to cast his ballot and thus express his voice in making the laws of the land. We have a country where the right of free speech is enjoyed. He who hears some of these many soap box orators harangue and advocate the overthrow of our government must get the impression that Uncle Sam is a very patient, very charitable and a very long suffering Uncle."

General DeLaney Retires

Brig. Gen. Matthew A. DeLaney, Senior Assistant Surgeon General, USA, will retire Nov. 30 on his own application. General DeLaney was born in Wayne County, Pennsylvania, 1874. He was graduated from Waymart Normal Institute, Pa.; Special Course University of Pennsylvania, 1898, and with the degree of M. D. from the University of Pennsylvania, 1898; from the Army Medical School, Washington, D. C., 1902; from the University of Vienna, 1914, and from Harvard University, C. P. H., 1928.

He was a resident physician for 3 years in Philadelphia and Virginia hospitals from 1898 to 1901. General DeLaney entered the Medical Corps, USA, 1901, as a First Lieutenant and passed through all the grades, including Brigadier General and Assistant Surgeon General, Jan. 1, 1932. He took part in the Philippine Insurrection, serving in Bulacan, Ilocos Sur, Ilocos Norte and Pangasinan and Union Provinces and later for 17 months was in charge of the Cholera and Smallpox Hospital in Manila and Surgeon to the Ordnance Depot. Was also on duty at the First Reserve Hospital, Manila and was awarded the Philippine Medal.

In 1904, he became transport surgeon, U. S. T. Sheridan and in January, 1905, was assigned as Assistant to the Attending Surgeon, Washington, D. C.

In 1910, General DeLaney succeeded Col. Guy L. Edie as Attending Surgeon, Washington, D. C. He was Attending Surgeon on the staff of the Episcopal Hospital, also Columbia Hospital, Washington, D. C., for several years.

As a major he was White House Physician to President William Howard Taft, 1909-1913.

"The White House, Washington. March 3, 1913.

"My dear Major DeLaney:

"Before I leave Washington I want to put in tangible form, so that it may be made a part of your official record, an expression of my appreciation of the skill you have displayed in treating the members of my family and myself during my term of office. By your constant care and professional attention as our family physician throughout my whole administration you have earned the warm thanks of Mrs. Taft and myself, and you have our best wishes for the future.

"Sincerely yours,

"W.M. H. TAFT.

"Major Matthew A. DeLaney, USA,
Medical Corps.
(Through the Secretary of War.)"

On returning from study at the University of Vienna in 1914, he was detailed to Hawaii. While in Vienna with Ambassador Frederic Penfield, the Ambassador asked him to remain as Military Attaché. In Hawaii, he was Surgeon of the Coast Defenses at Ft. Ruger and then Chief of the Medical Services, Eye service, at the Department Hospital.

He was with Pershing and Funston on the Mexican border at Deming, New Mexico, in 1916-17, having been sent from Hawaii. In January, 1917, he was tendered the position of Military Attaché of the American Embassy, Mexico City, by Ambassador Fletcher, to accompany Gen. Frank R. McCoy, and remained on duty on account of the War with Germany.

He was Camp Surgeon of the National

Guard Camp at Deming, receiving the Mexican Border Service Medal for his work. During April, 1917, General DeLaney was Mustering Officer for the National Guard of New Hampshire and Maine and later Surgeon of Plattsburgh Barracks, New York.

During the World War he was one of the six medical officers who took General Hospitals to France for duty with the British Army, the first Americans to France, preceding General Pershing. Commanded the Pennsylvania Base Hospital. He was mentioned in dispatches by Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig in 1917 for gallant and distinguished services in the field.

Later he became Liaison Officer between American and British Headquarters and with his other duties commanded 1600 American medical officers and 800 nurses on the western front with the British Army.

He was General Pershing's representative with Henry P. Davison, Commissioner of the American Red Cross to purchase, to lease and locate American hospitals for our sick and wounded in Europe; was Surgeon of the U. S. Base Section No. 3 for a time. For these services he was decorated by King George V with the Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, also the British War Medal. He was also awarded the U. S. Distinguished Service Medal by General Pershing.

In 1919, General William C. Gorgas, invited General DeLaney to accompany him to Peru and again in 1920 to Africa to study yellow fever. On return to the United States in 1919, he became Assistant Executive Officer in The Surgeon General's Office, until 1921. During the Harding Administration, he did special work for the President and was thanked by Mrs. Harding.

After leaving the Harvard School of Public Health in 1928, he returned to the Philippines Islands, as Medical Adviser in Public Health with Governor General Henry L. Stimson and his successor, Governor General Dwight F. Davis for three years. He did special work in leprosy, cholera and malaria. Was the Governor General's representative with the American Red Cross and has been the Philippines Islands' delegate to the National Convention of the American Red Cross at Washington, D. C., for four years.

In 1931 became Surgeon of the 5th Army Corps with Headquarters at Columbus, Ohio, covering the states of Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky and West Virginia. While at Columbus, Ohio, he was promoted to Brigadier General and ordered to duty at the War Department. In 1933 he became Commandant of the Medical Field Service School at Carlisle Barracks, the only medical school of its kind in the world.

General DeLaney has been chosen a member of the Harvard Chapter of the Delta Omega Honorary Society of Public Health Officers. He is a Fellow of the American College of Surgeons, a Fellow of the American College of Physicians, and the American Medical

Association, and the American Public Health Association. He was selected by the University of Pennsylvania Club of New York City in 1934 as the most distinguished alumnus of the University in his field of special activity and awarded the Guggenheim Cup. General DeLaney has these decorations: Order of Merit of France, Knight Commander of the Order of St. Lazare, and Knight Commander of Charlemagne. In June, 1935, Dickinson College, Carlisle, Pa., conferred the honorary degree of D. Sc. at the annual commencement. In 1933 was President of the District of Columbia University of Pennsylvania Club, composed of 600 members.

New Presidential Yacht

President Roosevelt announced this week that the Coast Guard cutter Electra is being turned over to the Navy for his personal use supplanting the smaller Sequoia as the presidential yacht.

The chief purpose of substituting the Electra for the USS Sequoia is to give a greater degree of security to the President as the cutter is of steel construction and the Sequoia, which was formerly used in the Lighthouse Service, Department of Commerce, was built of wood and is of necessity a greater fire hazard. The Electra has the advantage of being able to carry more passengers and it will be possible for the President to travel in her with his normal quota of secret service men.

The crew of the Sequoia will man the Electra, which is now at the Norfolk Navy Yard for structural changes, and the addition of a deck cabin. It will be completed and placed in commission some time in the spring. Lt. Walter L. Jones, USN, will be in command. The characteristics of the Electra are: length overall, 165 feet; beam, 25 feet, 3/4 inches; displacement, 300 tons.

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WEST POINT, N. Y.

November 14, 1935

The West Point Reading Club met Monday, Nov. 4 at the home of Mrs. Willis E. Teale. A paper on the French theater of the seventeenth century was read by the hostess and current events were discussed by Mrs. Clayton E. Wheat.

Brig. General Julian R. Lindsay, USA-Ret., and Lt. Col. Adina R. Chaffee, GSC, USA and Mrs. Chaffee, all of Washington, were guests last week of Capt. Earl S. Gruver, OD, USA and Mrs. Gruver.

Members of the Army horse show team who were guests at the post early last week were Capt. Earl Thompson, who visited Capt. Andrew A. Frerison, Cav., USA; Lt. Ray Curtis, Cav., USA, who was the guest of Lt. Theodore S. Riggs, Cav., USA and Mrs. Riggs, and Capt. Carl W. A. Raguse, Cav., USA and Mrs. Raguse, who were the guests of Capt. Charles E. Hart, FA, USA and Mrs. Hart.

Capt. Ludson D. Worsham, CE, USA and Mrs. Worsham, Maj. Nicholas H. Cobbs, FD, USA and Mrs. Cobbs, Capt. Eric S. Molitor, FA, USA, Capt. Robert G. Gard, FA, USA and Mrs. Gard and Lt. James W. Green, Jr., SC, USA, were guests Tuesday Nov. 5 of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Orr at a tea at their home at Cornwall.

Lt. John S. Roosma, Inf., USA and Mrs. Roosma passed last week-end with Maj. Walter Reed, AC, USA and Mrs. Reed at Mitchel Fld., L. I.

Capt. Willard A. Holbrook, Jr., Cav., USA and Mrs. Holbrook had as guests early last week Col. Stanley Rumbough and Mrs. Rumbough, of New York. Captain and Mrs. Holbrook entertained at dinner Sunday, Nov. 2 in honor of their guests. Other guests were Lt. Col. Simon B. Buckner, Jr., USA and Mrs. Buckner and Lt. Col. Thurston Hughes, AGD, USA and Mrs. Hughes.

Capt. Lemuel Mathewson, FA, USA and Mrs. Mathewson had with them last week-end Captain Mathewson's parents, Dr. and Mrs. Deyo P. Mathewson, of Bath, N. Y. Guests of Capt. Charles P. Summerall, Jr., FA, USA, and Mrs. Summerall last week were Capt. John L. Chamberlain, Jr., FA, USA, Mrs. Chamberlain and their son, Mr. John Chamberlain, 3d, of Ithaca, N. Y.; Dr. Heath Brosius, of Baltimore, and Mrs. Richard O'Keefe, of Hampton, Va.

ANNAPOLIS, MD.

November 14, 1935

Following a fashion show, the Navy Women's Club entertained at tea on Monday afternoon, Nov. 3 at Carvel Hall. Mrs. David Sellers, wife of Rear Admiral Sellers; Mrs. Edgar J. Woods, wife of Captain Woods (MC), and Mrs. Valentine L. Pottle, wife of Lieutenant Pottle, presided at the tea table. Those assisting were Mrs. Walter H. Albach, Mrs. Harry F. Bauer, Mrs. L. Randolph Daugherty, Mrs. De Vere L. Day, Mrs. Alvord L. Greenacre, Mrs. Gus B. Lofberg, Mrs. Clifton B. Maddox, Mrs. William Outbridge, Mrs. Earl T. Schreiber and Mrs. Daniel F. Williamson.

Posts and Stations

WASHINGTON, D. C.

November 14, 1935

Maj. General Leon B. Kromer, USA, is in New York during the National Horse Show at Madison Square Garden, at which he is one of the judges.

Col. and Mrs. Tenney Ross, USA, are the two guests of Colonel Ross' sister, Mrs. George Ross Howard, 1872 Newton Street. Colonel Ross, who recently retired from the Army, motored here from Chicago, and after a few weeks visit will go South for the winter.

Capt. and Mrs. John Schofield, USN will entertain at tea Nov. 10 in their home on Thirtieth Street for Mr. and Mrs. Jack Burton of St. Louis, the latter formerly Miss Mary Dulaney Schofield, niece of Captain Schofield.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. Julian L. Latimer, USN-Ret., arrived in Washington last week from their home in Clearwater, Fla., for a stay of some time.

Comdr. and Mrs. William H. Smith, USN, who have been abroad for three months, have returned to their apartment at 2401 Calvert Street. Commander Smith was naval delegate to the International Congress at Brussels in September.

Mrs. George S. Simonds, wife of Major General Simonds, deputy chief of staff, USA, left Washington Nov. 11 by motor for Ft. Benning, Ga., where she will visit her son-in-law and daughter, Lt. and Mrs. Norman A. Costello, Inf., USA. The latter was formerly Miss Frances Page Simonds.

Capt. Robert G. Gard, FA, USA, and his son, Robert G. Gard, Jr., of West Point, are visiting Captain Gard's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Gard of Chevy Chase, Md.

Capt. Norman D. Gillett, CWS, USA, who has been the guest of his brother-in-law and sister, Lt. and Mrs. Albert G. Martin, CWS-Ret., sailed Nov. 9 from New York to return to his post in the Panama Canal Zone.

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FT. DAVIS, C. Z.

October 31, 1935

Lt. and Mrs. George E. Fletcher, Inf., USA, of Ft. Davis, entertained at dinner Friday night, Oct. 25 Maj. and Mrs. Edward A. Austin, Inf., USA, Capt. and Mrs. Harold E. Stow, Inf., USA and Lt. and Mrs. George E. Bender, Inf., USA.

Mrs. Hugh A. Wear, wife of Major Wear, Inf., USA, gave a bridge luncheon Friday, Oct. 25 at her home at Ft. Davis.

The guests were Mesdames William C. Moore, Fred C. Milner, Ernest K. White, Graeme G. Parks, Castle H. Parish, James F. Greene, Daniel W. Kent, Kenneth H. Kinsler, Clark N. Bailey, Willard B. Car-

lock, George E. Bender, John H. Mathews and John H. McAleer.

Lt. and Mrs. William R. F. Bleakney, Inf., USA, entertained in honor of their visitor, Miss Helen Mueller, of Washington, D. C. who arrived Oct. 16 and will sail Nov. 4 on the Ancon.

With the guest of honor were Maj. and Mrs. Fred C. Milner, Inf., Maj. and Mrs. Eugene E. Morrow, Inf., USA, Maj. and Mrs. Edward A. Austin, Inf., USA, Lt. and Mrs. Kenneth H. Kinstler, Inf., USA, Lt. and Mrs. John H. Mathews, Inf., USA, and Lt. Edward G. Winston, Inf., USA.

Mrs. Thomas E. Scott, wife of Lieutenant Colonel Scott, of Ft. Davis, gave a charmingly arranged tea Tuesday afternoon, Oct. 22 from 4 to 6 o'clock at her home on the post, entertaining in honor of Mrs. Will Glover, of Uvalde, Texas, who is visiting her nephew, Lt. Ephriam M. Hampton, Inf., USA and Mrs. Hampton who is the daughter of Colonel and Mrs. Scott. Mrs. Glover is also an aunt of Lieutenant Hampton, USN, of the USS Trenton now in Balboa.

Mrs. Charles S. Buck, wife of Lieutenant Colonel Buck, Inf., USA, Mrs. Harry L. Reeder, wife of Major Reeder, Inf., USA, and Mrs. Reginald J. Ducat, wife of Major Ducat, MC, USA, presided at the tea table.

Lt. and Mrs. Albert J. Mandelbaum, SC, USA, entertained at dinner for Lt. Col. and Mrs. Thomas E. Scott, MC, USA, Maj. and Mrs. Michael J. Mulcahy, Inf., USA, Capt. and Mrs. John D. Foley, MAC, USA, Capt. and Mrs. Daniel W. Kent, Inf., USA, Mrs. Clark N. Bailey and Miss Adelaide Goldfin.

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NORFOLK, VA.

November 15, 1935

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Frank Hardiman Brumby entertained Thursday afternoon at an "At Home" held in the commandant's quarters in the Naval Base. Hours for calling were from 4:30 to 6:30. The tea table was presided over by Mrs. Benjamin Beauford Wygant and Mrs. H. H. Michael. Mrs. Paul L. Reed and Mrs. W. G. Childs poured coffee, and punch was served by Mrs. Richard Pollard Glass and Mrs. Joel Newsome.

Admiral and Mrs. Brumby were assisted in receiving by Mrs. Charles S. Freeman, wife of Rear Admiral Freeman, commanding of the Norfolk Navy Yard. Mrs. Brumby was hostess also on Friday at a

(Continued on Next Page)

PHOTOGRAPHS

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Posts and Stations

NORFOLK, VA.

(Continued from Preceding Page)

bridge party given at her home in the Naval Base in honor of Mrs. William N. Jeffers of Annapolis.

Contract was played at two tables.

Capt. and Mrs. John B. Kaufman were hosts on Friday night at a dinner given at their home in the Naval Base in honor of Capt. and Mrs. William N. Jeffers of Annapolis who are visiting Rear Adm. and Mrs. Joseph J. Cheatham at their home at the Base.

Capt. and Mrs. Herbert H. Michael were hosts on Sunday at a luncheon given at their quarters in the Base. Their guests included Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Jennings Dow of Washington, Lt. and Mrs. Richard Pollard Glass, Lt. and Mrs. Edward Gardner and Lt. O. R. Gregor.

Mrs. Major C. Shirley entertained Wednesday at a bridge luncheon given at her home in Spotswood avenue in honor of Mrs. John T. Tompkins of Newport News and Mrs. John A. Seoville of Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, who is visiting Mrs. Tompkins. Covers were laid for nine.

FT. FRANCIS E. WARREN, WYO.

November 9, 1935

The bi-monthly afternoon bridge club of the wives of the officers of the First Infantry held their first meeting in November, Thursday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Frederick W. Adams.

The Staff bridge club composed of the wives of the officers of the staff at Ft. Warren met Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. William H. Teft.

Mrs. and Mrs. Wilson W. Byles of Ashland, Ky., have arrived at Ft. Warren for a three weeks visit with Mrs. Byles' sister and brother-in-law, Maj. and Mrs. Lester L. Lampert.

Capt. and Mrs. Corman Hahn of Ft. Logan, Colo., were the week-end guests of Capt. and Mrs. Edwin J. McAllister of Ft. Warren.

Captain Harlow, also of Ft. Logan, spent the week-end with Lt. and Mrs. James B. Rankin, Captain Harlow and Captain Hahn, who are in the U. S. Corps of Engineers, were in Cheyenne on WPA duty.

The Ft. Warren Music Study Club met Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. John M. Jenkins, Jr.

2nd Lt. Walter Rasmussen, and 2nd Lt. Ulysses G. Mozier Jr., Reserve Corps, of Denver, Colo., arrived at Ft. Warren this week for a two week's tour of active duty. Lieutenant Rasmussen and Lieutenant Mozier are living at the Post Guest House.

Capt. and Mrs. Boyce M. James entertained at their quarters at Ft. Warren from four thirty to six-thirty Saturday afternoon, with a tea for their friends from Ft. Warren and Cheyenne, in celebration of their twentieth wedding anniversary. Presiding at the tea and punch tables were Mrs. Charles F. Humphrey, Jr., Mrs. Alden F. Brewster, Mrs. Fred H. Turner, Mrs. John R. Starkey, Mrs. George W. Brower, Mrs. George H. Duff, Mrs. Elizabeth Coleman, and Mrs. M. G. Stubbs of Cheyenne. Assisting at the tea table were Mrs. John M. Jenkins, Jr., Mrs. Tobin C. Rose, Mrs. Henry L. Ingham, Mrs. Howard W. Brimmer, Mrs. Carroll K. Leeper, Mrs. Henry L. Love, Mrs. Robert C. Lawes, Mrs. Thomas McGregor, and Mrs. Mildred Bower.

LONG BEACH, CALIF.

November 10, 1935

Formal parties are in abeyance this week-end, as the warships are concentrated in San Francisco Bay for Armistice Day celebration. Mrs. George T. Pettengill, wife of Rear Admiral Pettengill, is being entertained for a few days as the house guest of Mrs. William H. Hall on her Montecito estate, Santa Barbara.

After a year's absence in Portsmouth, N. H., Rear Admiral Charles P. Snyder, Mrs. Snyder and their daughter Jane, are receiving a warm welcome in Long Beach. The admiral is aboard the USS Louisville as commander of Cruiser Division 6, Scouting Force. They are domiciled at 28 Tenth Place.

La Venta Inn high on the hill overlooking the ocean was the setting for the ship's luncheon Tuesday, wives of thirty-three officers of USS New York motoring there for the day. The table, aglow with Autumn flowers, was presided over by Mrs. John Abbott, wife of the commanding officer. Hostesses were Mrs. Daniel Barbey, wife of Commander Barbey; Mrs. George F. Martin, wife of Lieutenant Commander Martin, and Mrs. Rockwell Justus Townsend, wife of Lieutenant Commander Townsend.

Mississippi officers' wives were entertained Friday by Mrs. Frank Urban, wife of Lieutenant Urban, at a party in her home on East Third Street to meet Mrs. Wadsworth Gray of Los Angeles, and Misses Lillian and Helen Thompson.

USS California officers' wives had their

ship's luncheon earlier in the week at Lakewood Golf Club. Mrs. Harris Laning, wife of Admiral Laning, was the guest of honor at the long table presided over by Mrs. Paul P. Blackburn, wife of the commanding officer of the ship. Hostesses were Mrs. Truman P. Riddle, wife of Commander Riddle (CC), Mrs. E. N. Parker, wife of Lieutenant Parker; Mrs. J. E. Fradd, wife of Lieutenant Fradd, and Mrs. Opie, wife of Lt. J. N. Opie, III.

CARLISLE BARRACKS, PA.

November 12, 1935

Capt. and Mrs. M. W. Ransone entertained guests at a dinner at the Carlisle Inn, Friday evening, November 1, preceding the Halloween dance. Their guests were Maj. and Mrs. C. G. Souder, and Miss Mary Souder, Maj. and Mrs. H. T. Wickert, Maj. and Mrs. C. H. Searcy, Maj. A. A. McDaniel, Capt. and Mrs. A. B. Welsh, Capt. and Mrs. O. K. Niess, Capt. and Mrs. L. H. Ginn, Jr., Capt. and Mrs. C. M. Downs, Capt. and Mrs. G. D. Newton, Capt. and Mrs. F. B. Westervelt, Capt. and Mrs. T. J. Hartford, and Capt. and Mrs. L. C. Daugherty.

Capt. and Mrs. G. M. Powell and Lt. T. C. Rich accompanied the football team to Ft. Totten, N. Y., Saturday, November 2.

Capt. and Mrs. G. D. Newton drove to Pittsburgh, Pa., Friday, November 8, to spend the week-end and attend the Pitt Army game.

Capt. and Mrs. C. F. Samo spent the week-end in New York City and attended the Horse Show.

Capt. and Mrs. L. H. Ginn, Jr., drove to Richmond, Va., Saturday, November 9. Captain Ginn returned Monday, but Mrs. Ginn will remain several weeks.

Maj. and Mrs. W. J. Miche returned to the post Monday, November 11, after several days in New York City.

Lt. and Mrs. A. H. Thompson spent the week-end in Pittsburgh, Pa.

Mrs. H. B. Gant, wife of Major Gant, left Carlisle Saturday, November 9, for Walter Reed Hospital, where she is being treated for a broken arm sustained in a fall from a horse.

FT. GEORGE G. MEADE, MD.

November 13, 1935

The "forty-niner" party given last Saturday evening, Nov. 9, at the Officers' Club by Maj. and Mrs. Harris M. Melasky, Maj. and Mrs. Kendall J. Fielder, Maj. and Mrs. Joel R. Burney, and Capt. and Mrs. John H. Evans was a very interesting and successful affair. The club was elaborately decorated with all the atmosphere of a dance hall and saloon of the gold rush days. The club furniture was removed and replaced by crude tables and chairs. The walls were completely covered with posters and ads to complete the illusion. Over the entrance door a large electric sign announced "Mendo Gulch" in blazing letters. The four corners of the ballroom contained gaming tables where the hosts presided. The guests were presented with a bag of "money" when they entered and towards the end of the evening a prize was awarded to the one winning the most during the evening. Mrs. L. Monroe Bricker received the prize, ending with somewhere around \$2,000. Mrs. Howard Hume gorgeously dressed as Mae West won the prize for the best costume. At about 10:30 a "free lunch" was served in the tap room which was decorated as an old time bar.

Preceding the Ladies' Afternoon Bridge Club which was held on Tuesday, Nov. 12th, Mrs. Benjamin Norris entertained in her quarters with a luncheon when her guests included: Mrs. Edgar A. Myer, Mrs. S. J. Morris, Mrs. Henry D. F. Munnikhuyzen, Mrs. Alvin Colburn, Mrs. Harris M. Melasky, Mrs. L. M. Crichton, Mrs. L. V. Hanks, Mrs. Paul D. Connor, Mrs. Kendall J. Fielder, Mrs. Earle A. Johnson, Mrs. Norris A. Wimberley, Mrs. Herbert B. Wheeler, Mrs. Gratian McCafferty, Mrs. Joel R. Burney, Mrs. Alfred V. Ednie, Mrs. Harold W. Churchill, Mrs. Francis J. Gillespie, Mrs. William S. Murray, Mrs. Laurence R. Bower, Mrs. John P. Evans, Mrs. Ewing H. France, Mrs. John Lindner, Mrs. Richard Wetherill, Jr., and Mrs. Betty Myer.

Capt. and Mrs. George M. Powell of Carlisle Barracks spent last week-end on the post as the guests of Maj. and Mrs. Benjamin Norris. Captain Powell came here with the football team of his post for which he is coach. The game was played at the post stadium on Sunday when Fort Meade defeated the visitors with a score of 13-7.

Col. Alvin Voris of Governors Island, N. Y., spent last week-end on the post when he was the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Rupert D. Graves and Captain Graves. He returned to his home on Monday when he was accompanied by Mrs. Graves and her children Helen and Voris who plan to spend a visit at Governors Island.

Mississippi officers' wives were entertained Friday by Mrs. Frank Urban, wife of Lieutenant Urban, at a party in her home on East Third Street to meet Mrs. Wadsworth Gray of Los Angeles, and Misses Lillian and Helen Thompson.

USS California officers' wives had their

luncheon earlier in the week at Lakewood Golf Club. Mrs. Harris Laning, wife of Admiral Laning, was the guest of honor at the long table presided over by Mrs. Paul P. Blackburn, wife of the commanding officer of the ship. Hostesses were Mrs. Truman P. Riddle, wife of Commander Riddle (CC), Mrs. E. N. Parker, wife of Lieutenant Parker; Mrs. J. E. Fradd, wife of Lieutenant Fradd, and Mrs. Opie, wife of Lt. J. N. Opie, III.

FORT MOULTRIE, S. C.

November 8, 1935

The Fort Moultrie Officers' Club sponsored a very successful Forty-Niner party at Jasper Hall, Saturday evening Nov. 2, 1935. The purpose of the party was to raise funds for the Infantry Rifle Team.

Jasper Hall was decorated to conform to the '39 spirit. Gambling devices such as Roulette, Wheel of Fortune, Chuck-O-Luck, Crap Tables and Lotto afforded the guests entertainment. Sandwiches of all kinds and beer were sold. Money was exchanged at the cashier's window for stage money which was redeemable at the end of the evening. A Fortune Telling booth added entertainment for the guests. There was dancing throughout the evening, music being furnished by the Eighth Infantry Orchestra.

The costumes for the evening really portrayed a Forty-Niner's spirit, a varied assortment of Cowboys, Sheriffs, Pioneers, Indians, Squaws, Cowgirls, Professional Gamblers, Chinamen and many other attractive costumes, lended local color to the occasion.

Approximately two hundred invitations were mailed to people in Charleston, Mount Pleasant and the Navy Yard. Everyone entered into the spirit of the occasion and seemed to enjoy themselves thoroughly.

Lt. Col. Walter Dunn, CAC, has recently returned from a three weeks' visit in New York, where he attended the Army-Yale and Army-Harvard football games. Mrs. Dunn is expected to return Friday, Nov. 8, 1935.

Lt. Col. R. R. Weishmer, Inf., a recent arrival at Fort Moultrie is in Fort Benning, Ga., attending the Field Officers' Refresher course. Upon his return he is expected to assume command of the 2nd Battalion.

FT. HOYLE, MD.

November 10, 1935

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Ernest D. Scott entertained at dinner on Thursday evening for the younger officers and their wives who have recently arrived on the post.

The Sunday breakfast rides which proved such a success last fall have been resumed. Capt. and Mrs. Einar Gjelsteen were host and hostess at the first one and Capt. and Mrs. Francis H. Morse are host and hostess today. The affair usually consists of a paper chase or treasure hunt followed by a midday breakfast at the Officers' Club.

Col. and Mrs. William P. Ennis are giving a tea this afternoon at their quarters for their son, Lt. William P. Ennis and Mrs. Ennis of West Point, who are spending the week end here.

Lt. and Mrs. William H. Wise, who have just returned from a wedding trip in New York, are the guests of Mrs. Wise's parents, Capt. and Mrs. F. E. Powell. They will leave soon for Barksdale Fld., La., where Lieutenant Wise will be stationed.

Lt. and Mrs. Ralph Mace spent last week end with friends at Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

Capt. and Mrs. Einar Gjelsteen were guests of Capt. and Mrs. Alfred M. Gruenther at West Point last week.

Capt. and Mrs. Thomas F. Hickey entertained at their quarters with a dinner on Saturday evening preceding the dance at the Officers' Club.

Capt. and Mrs. Gustavus West of Ft. Knox, Ky., have been frequent visitors with their many friends on the post during Captain West's course at the Chemical Warfare School, at Edgewood Arsenal.

SAN DIEGO, CALIF.

November 5, 1935

Capt. and Mrs. John Ramsey, USA-Ref., entertained at dinner Sunday in honor of Capt. and Mrs. John Claussen, USA-Ref., who have taken a house at La Jolla for the winter. The two officers formerly served together at Ft. Barrancas, Fla.

Mrs. Symington, wife of Capt. Thomas A. Symington, USA, and her daughter, who have just arrived from Panama, en route to Long Beach, were weekend guests of Mrs. Arthur Barendt of Coronado.

Lt. and Mrs. Thomas J. Kelly, USN, and the latter's mother, Mrs. F. L. Weldon, are planning to spend the next two months at Vallejo, while the USS McCormick, Lieutenant Kelly's ship, is in drydock. En route north they were to spend a week at the Pacific Coast Club at Long Beach.

Maj. and Mrs. N. M. Beardslee, USA-Ref., entertained Friday evening with an informal buffet supper in honor of Col. and Mrs. John A. Berry, USA, who are spending some time at La Jolla. Maj. and Mrs. John R. Ellis, USA-Ref., have been guests of Colonel

and Mrs. Beardslee before going to El Paso, Tex., to visit with Mrs. Ellis' brother-in-law and sister, Maj. and Mrs. Ward Duval.

Rear Adm. Percival S. Rossiter, USN, prominent in the American Red Cross, was guest of honor at a tea at the exposition Saturday afternoon.

Col. and Mrs. Walter E. Noa, USMC, here from Washington, D. C., were honored at a dinner party Saturday night at the home of Col. and Mrs. Lauren S. Willis, USMC.

Capt. and Mrs. John H. Towers, USN, have been spending two weeks with San Francisco friends.

FT. MCCELLIAN, ALA.

November 7, 1935

Maj. and Mrs. Ernest Samuson and Capt. and Mrs. Dayton L. Robinson entertained October 31 with a most unique and cleverly staged Halloween party at Shingle Hall.

The Post winter social activities have been placed in hands of a capable committee, and various parties have been planned for the season.

On Saturday night, November 2, an informal "Hard Times" party was attended by a large number of officers and ladies.

The Regimental Bridge Club met November 8. Hostesses were Mrs. Bragan, Mrs. Bare, and Mrs. Alexander. Tables for poker and Michigan were provided for those members who did not care to play bridge.

Doctor Baltzell of Florida, visited his brother, Colonel Baltzell, last week.

Col. Duncan K. Major, Assistant G-3, Washington, D. C., visited the Post November 5 on matters pertaining to the CCC.

Edward M. DeYoung accepted his commission as 1st Lieutenant, Medical Corps, Regular Army on November 7. He is on duty at the Station Hospital, Ft. McClellan.

FT. SNELLING, MINN.

November 6, 1935

Mrs. Walter E. Smith left Thursday for Brookings, S. D., where she will be the house guest of President and Mrs. W. Pugley of the University of South Dakota. Mrs. Smith will take part in the initiation ceremonies of the Guidon Society.

Maj. and Mrs. R. V. Marais and Maj. and Mrs. J. G. Fuller attended a hop and hunt breakfast this week end at Mounds as the guests of Mr. Thomas Daniels.

Lt. and Mrs. M. L. DeGuire entertained at bridge at their quarters on Wednesday evening.

Capt. and Mrs. Norman C. Caum, who have been visiting relatives in Great Falls, Mont., returned to the garrison on Monday.

Miss Margaret Fuller, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. J. G. Fuller, entertained twenty-seven of the younger set at a Halloween supper party last Friday evening.

Capt. and Mrs. T. E. Mahoney entertained at dinner last Sunday evening in honor of Miss Virginia Roach of Minot, N. D.

Capt. and Mrs. L. B. Rutte had as house guests last week Captain Rutte's sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Soener of Milwaukee.

FT. BELVOIR, VA.

November 13, 1935

An Elimination Polo Tournament, in which three teams representing The Regular Army Officers' Class of the Engineer School and one team representing the Thirteenth Engineers participated, took place last week at Belvoir.

Lieutenants Benjamin R. Wimer, Herold J. Skidmore, Douglas G. Davis, David W. Helmian, and Henry J. Hoeffer, members of the student Freebooter team, and Lieutenants Philip F. Kromer, Jr., Robert B. Lothrop, Chester L. Lancefield, LeRoy Bartlett, Jr., and Maximiano S. Janairo, members of the students team, "1930" came through triumphantly to the finals when the Freebooters overcame the "1930" team 7-5.

Following the game on Saturday Major and Mrs. Harry R. Buckley entertained members of the team and their friends at MacKenzie Hall.

Lt. and Mrs. Henry J. Hoeffer entertained at a buffet supper last Saturday night. Among the guests were Lt. and Mrs. Herman Walter Schull, Jr., Lt. and Mrs. Robert L. Lancefield, Lt. and Mrs. Robert B. Lothrop, Lt. and Mrs. Douglas C. Davis, Lt. and Mrs. Benjamin R. Wimer, Lt. and Mrs. Maximiano S. Janairo, and Lt. and Mrs. Edward A. Brown.

Lt. and Mrs. Staunton L. Brown announce the birth of a daughter, Jean Delano Brown, born at Walter Reed, Monday, November 2.

The Essanay Dramatic Club of Fort Belvoir has selected as its first play of the season, "Whistling in the Dark" which will be presented at the Engineer Theatre, Fort Belvoir, Friday, December 13th. Mrs. Edward A. Brown, Mrs. Herman H. Pohl, Miss Evelyn Wright, Col. John R. D. Matheson, Capt. Karl B. Schilling, Capt. Phillip R. Garges, Capt. Samuel J. Adams, Capt. Chester K. Harding, Capt. Reynolds J. Burt, Jr., and Lt. Donald A. Phelan will be in the cast. The play will be directed by Maj. John R. Wright.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Page 218)

nado, Calif., recently that Dec. 28 had been set as the date of her wedding to Mr. John Aspinwall Wagner of Newburgh, N. Y., the ceremony to be performed at the home of Comdr. Dresel's sister, Mrs. Thadious R. Read, in Newburgh.

—o—

Mr. and Mrs. Hector J. MacKenzie of Azusa, Calif., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Anne Cameron MacKenzie, to Ens. DeWitt C. T. Grubbs, Jr. (SC), USN, son of the late Colonel Grubbs, USA. Ensign Grubbs is attached to the USS West Virginia.

—o—

Of much interest in Navy circles was the wedding the afternoon of Nov. 2 at 4:30 o'clock in St. Alban's Church, Washington, D. C., of Miss Elizabeth Wisdom Brainard, daughter of Capt. R. M. Brainard, USN, and Mrs. Brainard, to Lt. (jg) George Sherman James, Jr., USN, son of Mr. and Mrs. G. S. James, of Hyattsville, Md.

—o—

The ceremony was performed by Chaplain S. K. Evans, USN, ret., assisted by the Rev. Charles T. Warner, rector of the church.

The bride was given in marriage by her father and wore a lovely gown of antique ivory satin, made with a court train edged with duchesse lace, worn by her mother at her wedding. Her veil of cream tulle was held by a coronet of real lace and she carried a shower bouquet of pale yellow roses and lilies of the valley.

—o—

A reception followed the ceremony for the wedding party and immediate families, after which the couple left for a wedding trip, the bride wearing a green three-piece suit with brown accessories.

The bride and bridegroom were assisted at the reception by Mrs. Brainard, mother of the bride, and Mrs. James.

Lieutenant and Mrs. James will make their home at Coronado, Calif., where Lieutenant James is assigned to duty.

—o—

Col. and Mrs. Frederick M. Barrows, FA, USA, announce the engagement of their daughter, Margaret Louise, to Ens. Thomas Howard Morton, USN.

Miss Barrows is a graduate of Gunnison Hall in Washington and has been very popular in the Canal Zone since her arrival several months ago at Fort Clayton, where Colonel Barrows is in command of the Second Field Artillery.

Ensign Morton graduated with the class of 1933 from the United States Naval Academy and is now stationed on the USS Mississippi at San Pedro, Calif. He is the son of Mrs. Morton and the late Capt. James Proctor Morton, USN, and the grandson of Mrs. Howard and the late Admiral Thomas Benton Howard.

The wedding will take place when Ensign Morton's ship arrives in Panama with the fleet in the spring.

—o—

The engagement of Miss Bertha M. Morris, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Morris, of New York and the Trees, Ossining, N. Y., to Mr. Elwood Gene Chidlers, of Los Angeles, Calif., was announced by her parents.

Miss Morris is a sister of Mrs. Earle Hill Kincaid, whose husband, Lt. Comdr. Kincaid, USN, is senior aide to Rear Adm. J. D. Wainwright in charge of the Yangtze patrol in China.

—o—

Comdr. and Mrs. Thomas Shore McCloy, USN, of 3701 34th Street N. W., Washington, D. C., announce the engagement of their daughter, Dorothy Elizabeth, to Lt. (jg) John Cozine Broach, USN, son of Mr. and Mrs. John May Broach, of Meridian, Miss. The wedding will take place Dec. 31, 1935.

—o—

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur A. Morris of Silver Lake Park, S. I., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Nadine A. Morris, to 2nd Lt. Leo W. H. Shaughnessy, Inf., USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Shaughnessy of Woburn, Mass. The wedding will take place at West Point, Nov. 29.

Miss Morris attended Notre Dame

Convent, Grymes Hill, S. I., and later was graduated from the Sault Convent of the Sacred Heart in Montreal. She attended also Eden Hall in Philadelphia and the Katharine Gibbs School in New York.

Lieutenant Shaughnessy attended Boston College and was graduated from the Military Academy at West Point.

(Please turn to Page 223)

OBITUARIES

Mrs. Emma Hillard Wheeler, mother of Lt. Col. John P. Wheeler, Cav., USA, died at Los Angeles, Calif., Oct. 16, 1935, after a short illness. Burial was in Greenmount Cemetery, Baltimore, Md. Besides Lieutenant Colonel Wheeler, Mrs. Wheeler is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Louise Wheeler Turtle, of Los Angeles, Calif., and a son, Mr. J. Harold Wheeler, of Baltimore, Md.

—o—

Mrs. Anne Cambreleng Pitman, widow of the late Gen. John Pitman, USA-Ret., died Nov. 8, 1935, in her 74th year, at her home, 611 Berkeley Ave., Orange, N. J.

She was the daughter of the late Maj. Wm. E. de Mille, CSA, and the late Margaret Blount de Mille, and was born in 1862. She leaves a sister, Mrs. John Richmond Pitman, of the same address.

Interment was in Swan Point Cemetery, Providence, R. I.

—o—

The Navy Department announced that Capt. Luther Martin Overstreet, USN-Ret., died at the Naval Hospital, New York, on November 11. His next of kin is his niece, Mrs. Robert Russell, St. George Hotel, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Captain Overstreet was retired from active duty in the Navy on August 1, 1931, because of physical disability, after thirty-eight years service. During the Spanish-American War, he was attached to the battleship USS Oregon, during her famous trip from the West Coast to join Admiral Sampson's squadron in the blockade of Cuban ports, and participated in the Battle of Santiago. He was awarded the Navy Cross for distinguished service during the World War, as commanding officer of the USS Dekabla, engaged in transporting troops and supplies to European ports. He also was awarded a letter of commendation by the War Department, and the decoration of the Military Order of Avis with the grade of Commander by the President of the Republic of Portugal.

He was appointed a member of the U. S. Naval Mission to Brazil in December, 1922, and served four years in that capacity. Upon his return, he was ordered to command the USS Wyoming, then operating as flagship of the Scouting Fleet. In July, 1929, he was assigned to the Navy Yard, New York, as Captain of the Yard, and in the following year was appointed Assistant Commandant, Third Naval District, New York.

He was born in Woodhull, Ill., Nov. 8, 1873, and appointed to the Naval Academy from Nebraska in 1893.

The USS J. Fred Talbot, carried the ashes of Captain Overstreet, to sea for burial on Friday, Nov. 15.

—o—

The War Department has been advised of the death at San Diego, Calif., on Nov. 12, 1935, of Maj. Gen. Joseph E. Kuhn, USN-Ret.

General Kuhn was born in Leavenworth, Kans., June 14, 1864, and appointed to the United States Military Academy from Kansas in 1881. On his graduation in 1885 he was commissioned a second Lieutenant, Corps of Engineers. He passed through the various grades, making the temporary rank of major general during the World War and the permanent rank of major general on June 18, 1925. He retired from active duty August 31, 1925.

His service included duty as Military Attaché at Tokio and Berlin. During the Russian-Japanese War in 1904 and 1905, he was a Military Observer with the Japanese Army. In 1914 General Kuhn was Military Observer with the German Army during the first few

months of the World War. After the entrance of America into the World War, General Kuhn was given command of the 79th Division which participated in operations southwest of Verdun, in the Avescourt Sector and in the Meuse-Arnon offensive. After the Armistice, General Kuhn served for a time in temporary command of the Ninth Corps.

General Kuhn was a graduate of the Engineer School of Application and served as a director and as president of

the Army War College. He was a member of the Initial General Staff Corps Eligible List. He was decorated with the Order of the French Legion of Honor in the grade of Commander and with the French Croix de Guerre with Palm. Since his retirement he has been living at Coronado, Calif. He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Helen Squire Kuhn, and one son, Richard Parker Kuhn, who resides at Bedford Hills, Westchester County, N. Y.

MARRIED

CAMPBELL-McELHINE—Married at Harrison, N. Y., Nov. 1, 1935, Miss Phyllis McElhone, to 2nd Lt. John Kenneth Campbell, Ord. Res.

HORNER-JACKSON—Married at Beverly Hills, Calif., Nov. 2, 1935, Miss Jane Warren Jackson, to Lt. Stuart Horner, USN.

KAESER-COTTON—To be married at Stillwater, Okla., Nov. 16, 1935, Miss Charlotte Cotton, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Robert Christie Cotton, Inf., USA, to Lt. Herman Henry Kaeser, Inf., USA.

LANE-NIXON—Married at Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 7, 1935, Miss Elizabeth Frances Nixon to Ens. Richard Lane, USN, son of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Rufus H. Lane, USMC-Ret.

NEWMAN-FAIRBANKS—Married at New York City, N. Y., Nov. 9, 1935, Miss Lorena Belle Fairbanks, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Horatio G. Fairbanks, CE, USA, to Capt. Glenn Newman, CAC, USA.

SCHANZE-MORAN—Married at Annapolis, Md., Nov. 5, 1935, Miss Mary Louise Moran to Lt. (jg) Edwin Stanbury Schanze, USN.

SWEENEY-RODGERS—Married at Washington, D. C., Nov. 14, 1935, Miss Alicia Rodgers, daughter of Mrs. Philip O. Coffin and of Capt. Christopher R. P. Rodgers, USN-Ret., to Mr. John F. Sweeney.

DIED

ATWOOD—Died at Washington, D. C., Nov. 6, 1935, Sgt. Charles H. Atwood, USA.

BRADLEY—Died at Washington, D. C., Nov. 7, 1935, Mrs. Julia Kellogg Bradley, daughter of Lt. Col. Sanford C. Kellogg, USA.

BUCKMAN—Died at Bakersfield, Calif., Nov. 12, 1935, Capt. Donald Buckman, AC, USA.

DWEY—Died at Ft. Belvoir, Va., Nov. 7, 1935, T. Sgt. Clark H. Dewey, USA.

HANSOM—Died at Washington, D. C., Nov. 11, 1935, Sgt. John F. Hansom, USA.

HILTON—Died at Sternberg General Hospital, Manila, P. I., Nov. 7, 1935, Lt. (jg) Cyrus Grant Hilton, USN.

HOWARD—Died at Washington, D. C., Nov. 12, 1935, Col. C. E. N. Howard, USA-Ret., father of 2nd Lt. C. E. N. Howard, Jr., FA, USA, and Lt. (jg) James H. Howard, USN-Ret.

KUHN—Died at San Diego, Calif., Nov. 12, 1935, Maj. Gen. Joseph E. Kuhn, USA-Ret.

MARCOTTE—Died at New York City, N. Y., Nov. 9, 1935, Mrs. Anna M. Marcotte, widow of Capt. Henry Marcotte, USA.

McGARRAUGH—Died at San Diego, Calif., Nov. 6, 1935, Mrs. Lilla H. McGarraugh, mother of Capt. R. E. McGarraugh, CAC, USA.

NEWCOMB—Died at Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 13, 1935, Mr. Harry Radcliffe Cohen Newcomb, member of the Naval Academy class of 1881.

NICKOL—Died at Hampton, Va., Nov. 10, 1935, Sgt. Edward J. Nickol, USA.

OVERSTREET—Died at Naval Hospital, New York, N. Y., Nov. 11, 1935, Capt. Luther Martin Overstreet, USN-Ret.

PETERSON—Killed in airplane crash near Stratford, Conn., Nov. 9, 1935, Flying Cadet Alton T. Peterson, USA.

PITMAN—Died at her home, Orange, N. J., Nov. 8, 1935, Mrs. Anne Cambreleng Pitman, widow of the late Gen. John Pitman, USA-Ret.

SCHAFFER—Died at Berwyn, Md., Nov. 9, 1935, Mr. Karl E. Schaefer, Band Leader, USA-Ret.

VAN ALLEN—Died at Washington, D. C., Nov. 9, 1935, Sgt. Jacob H. Van Allen, USA.

WHEELER—Died at Los Angeles, Calif., Oct. 16, 1935, Mrs. Emma Hillard Wheeler, mother of Lt. Col. John P. Wheeler, Cav., USA.

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MERCHANT MARINE

Merchant Marine

In accordance with a physical survey recently completed by the Merchant Fleet Corporation in conjunction with the Navy Department, the S. S. America and S. S. George Washington, formerly in the service of the United States Lines, along with 150 vessels in the Government's reserve merchant fleet, are being carefully preserved for commercial or military operations. The report on this survey grouped the vessels in the reserve fleet into three classifications as follows:

1. First reserve for restrictive operation, charter or sale.
2. Second reserve for military emergency.
3. Vessels of insufficient value for commercial or military operation to warrant their further preservation.

Headed by the America and George Washington, a total of twenty-nine vessels was placed in the first classification. There are 132 vessels in the second classification, bringing the total number of approved vessels in the reserve fleet to 161.

The Monticello and Mount Vernon, the two old German hulls anchored alongside the former United States liners in the Patuxent River at Solomons Island, Maryland, were given No. 2 classification.

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Officials stressed that every vessel was physically surveyed and as a result the Government knows for the first time the actual condition of its laid up fleet, which represents the remaining vessels of the post-war building program.

(Marine Journal)

Status of Promotion

ARMY PROMOTION STATUS

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) since November 8, 1935.

Last promotion to the grade of Colonel—Robert P. Glassburn, CAC, No. 106. Vacancies—None. Senior Lieutenant Colonel—Harry K. Rutherford, OD.

Last promotion to the grade of Lieutenant Colonel—Sylvester D. Downs, Jr., FA, No. 1150. Vacancies—None. Senior Major—Orlando Ward, FA.

Last promotion to the grade of Major—Holland S. Chamness, Inf., No. 3815. Vacancies—None. Senior Captain—Julian H. George, Inf.

Last promotion to the grade of Captain—Harold V. Roberts, Inf., No. 7358. Vacancies—None.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lieutenant—Erskine Clark, CAC, No. 9250. Vacancies—None.

Non-Promotion List

Medical Corps

To be Captains

1st Lt. Vernon J. Erkenbeck, Medical Corps, from November 12, 1935.

1st Lt. Arthur H. Thompson, Medical Corps, from November 12, 1935.

NAVY PROMOTION STATUS

Nov. 1, 1935

The following are the last officers who either have been commissioned in or have become due for promotion to the various grades and ranks in the Navy.

Line

Rear Adm. John Downes, Capt. Herbert A. Jones, Comdr. T. E. Chandler, Lt. Comdr. H. V. Wiley, Lt. M. J. West.

Medical Corps

Rear Adm. C. St. J. Butler, Capt. G. D. Hale, Comdr. J. H. Robbins, Lt. Comdr. Fred M. Rohow, Lt. Clifford W. Moore.

Dental Corps

Comdr. H. R. McCleery, Lt. Comdr. Raymond D. Reid, Lt. Walter P. Caruthers.

Supply Corps

Rear Adm. George G. Selbigs, Capt. Duett W. Rose, Comdr. C. L. Austin, Lt. Comdr. David W. Robinson, Lt. Philip White, Lt. (Jg) George A. Johnson.

Chaplain

Capt. Edward A. Duff, Comdr. Thomas F. Regan, Lt. Comdr. Stanton W. Salisbury Lt. Emmett O'Neill.

Construction Corps

Rear Adm. Richard M. Watt, Capt. Ralph T. Hanson, Comdr. C. F. Osborn, Lt. Comdr. Calvin M. Bolster, Lt. John H. Spiller.

Civil Engineer Corps

Rear Adm. Reuben E. Bakenhus, Capt. R. M. Warfield, Comdr. L. B. Combs, Lt. Comdr. Chas. T. Dickerman, Lt. William P. Howard.

MARINE CORPS PROMOTION STATUS

Nov. 1, 1935

Last Commissioned Last to make number

Major General

Louis McC. Little Louis McC. Little

Brigadier General

James T. Buttrick James T. Buttrick

Colonel

Julian C. Smith Julian C. Smith

Lieutenant Colonel

Alfred H. Noble Alfred H. Noble

Major

Walter G. Farrell Ralph R. Robinson

Captain

Kenneth B. Campbell Walter I. Jordan

First Lieutenant

Cleo R. Keen Cleo R. Keen

Navy Enlisted Personnel

The following promotions to Chief Petty Officer, USN, under acting appointments were announced this week:

Chief Boatswain's Mate—John P. Miller, Carl H. Mahlstedt, Joseph F. Egan, Joseph F. McIsaac, Phillip F. Greenfield, Laurence D. Devereau, Herbert J. Sotomayor, Everett C. Taylor, Russell L. Bennington, Alton A. Roberson, William F. Post, Thomas J. McEntee, Willie M. Bishop.

Chief Gunner's Mate—Robert L. Lawrence, Howard Montgomery, William M. DeLay, Edward Normand, Chester L. Coons, Herbert L. Robertson, Gordon H. Waterman.

Chief Torpedoman — John J. McCaffrey, Henry J. Sanford, Homer H. Wells, Robert C. Daniel, Frank J. Schultz, William L. Hing.

Chief Quartermaster—LaVerne C. Corning.

FINANCE

Financial Digest

The daily average volume of Federal Reserve bank credit outstanding during the week ended November 6, as reported by the Federal Reserve banks, was \$2,482,000,000, an increase of \$5,000,000 compared with the preceding week and \$25,000,000 compared with the corresponding week in 1934.

On November 6 total Reserve bank credit amounted to \$2,462,000,000, a decrease of \$12,000,000 for the week. This decrease corresponds with decreases of \$10,000,000 in Treasury cash and deposits with Federal Reserve banks and \$60,000,000 in nonmember deposits and other Federal Reserve accounts and an increase of \$28,000,000 in monetary gold stock, offset in part by increases of \$68,000,000 in money in circulation and \$18,000,000 in member bank reserve balances. Member bank reserve balances on November 6 were estimated to be approximately \$2,990,000,000 in excess of legal requirements.

Relatively small changes were reported in holdings of discounted and purchased bills and industrial advances. An increase of \$4,000,000 in holdings of United States Treasury notes was offset by a decrease of \$4,000,000 in holdings of United States Treasury bonds.

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744 Jackson Place Washington, D. C.

(Continued on Next Page)

Personals

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Lt. and Mrs. Frederick R. Weber, Inf., USA, have as their guest for a month the latter's mother, Mrs. Ralph W. Kingman, of Fort Omaha, Nebr. Lieutenant Weber is on temporary duty at Fort Belvoir, Va., from the United States Military Academy at West Point, training with the Olympic pentathlon squad.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Rowan P. Lemly, Inf., USA, entertained at a dinner party Hallowe'en celebration. Their guests numbered 16.

Maj. and Mrs. Henry O. Swindler, Inf., USA, entertained on Saturday evening, Nov. 2, at their apartment at 3901 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D. C. After the buffet supper there was a musical, given by a group of prominent Washington musicians. Mary Conch, concert pianist, played Brahms and Schumann selections and accompanied the soloists in classical and modern compositions.

Col. Russell C. Langdon, Inf., commanding the Western Pennsylvania Reserve District, addressed the Kiwanis Club of Tarentum, Pa., November 5 on "Linguistic Americanism."

Col. Arthur L. Fuller, USA, has arrived at the Martinique from Fort Barnes, Florida, accompanied by Mrs. Fuller and their daughter, Miss Helen M. Fuller. They plan to spend several

weeks in Washington before going to Colonel Fuller's new station, Ft. Hayes, Columbus, Ohio.

Brig. Gen. P. L. Miles, USA, of Washington, D. C., Lt. Col. and Mrs. C. B. Perkins, VC, USA, of Ft. Jay, Governors Island, N. Y., 2nd Lt. and Mrs. G. L. Roberson, FA, USA, of Ft. F. E. Warren, Cheyenne, Wyo., were recent dinner guests of Congressman and Mrs. Wm. A. Ashbrook, at their home in Johnstown, Ohio.

Lt. Comdr. Wilder Baker, USN, sailed from New York Oct. 23 for Europe on the Washington, for an indefinite stay. Mrs. Baker will remain in Washington.

Capt. and Mrs. Lamar R. Leahy, USN, have moved into their apartment at 2029 Connecticut Ave.

Col. and Mrs. Edgar L. Field, USA-Ret., have opened their home at 311 Patterson Ave., San Antonio, Tex., where they contemplate residing permanently. Colonel Field was last on duty as Corps Area Inspector, First Corps Area, Boston, Mass., where he was found physically incapacitated as a result of his examination for promotion and was retired from active duty.

Col. Reginald L. Foster USA-Ret., arrived in New York from Europe Oct. 30. He was away for several months.

Lt. Alan Reed McCracken, USN, and Mrs. McCracken entertained at a Hallowe'en party Oct. 31, for their son, Scott McCracken. The guests numbered 35, and included the honor guest's classmates at the Potomac, Cathedral Beauvoir and St. Albans' schools.

General John J. Pershing, General of the Armies, who has been in France for several months occupied with the work of the American Battle Monument Commission, of which he is the head, arrived in New York Nov. 14 on the S. S. Washington and will come shortly to Washington.

The officers and ladies of the 14th Field Artillery, Fort Riley, Kans., entertained at a buffet supper at the Officers' Club Sunday, Nov. 10 as a farewell compliment for the Battalion Commander, Maj. Sumner M. Smith and Mrs. Smith, who are leaving for their new station at South Bend, Ind.

A farewell gift was presented to Mrs. Smith during the evening.

About 50 guests were present for the supper which was followed by dancing.

Weddings and Engagements
(Continued from Page 221)

At a luncheon given by Col. Laurin L. Lawson, commanding officer of the 11th Field Artillery, and Mrs. Lawson, at Schofield Barracks, the engagement of their daughter, Laurine to 2nd Lt. Potter Brooks Paige, AC-Res., of Luke Field was announced. The affair took place at the Officers' Club and was attended by about 85 friends. The wedding date has been set for Dec. 4.

Lieutenant Paige is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Paige of Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Chairselle, of Pensacola, Fla., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mary Elizabeth Chairselle, to Lt. (jg) William A. Thorn, USN. The wedding will take place in November.

Maj. and Mrs. William K. Turner, MC, USA, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Maydelle Irene Turner, to Lt. Samuel E. Jones, 31st Inf., Manila, P. I. Miss Turner is a graduate of The Scudder School, New York City. Lieutenant Jones is a graduate of West Point, Class of 1930. The wedding will take place in Manila on December 2nd.

Mrs. Thomas K. McKnight, of Bryn Mawr, Pa., formerly of Cleveland, Ohio, has announced the engagement of her daughter, Miss Ann Elizabeth Dunham, to Lt. (jg) Walter Terry Jenkins, USN.

son of Mr. and Mrs. William D. Jenkins, of Youngstown, Ohio. Miss Dunham is a graduate of Miss Sayard's School at Overbrook, and attended the Laurel School in Cleveland. Lieutenant Jenkins is a graduate of the U. S. Naval Academy, 1930, and is now attached to the USS Wyoming. No date has been set for the wedding.

Finance Non-Com Eligibles

The following is a list of enlisted men of the Finance Department eligible for promotion to next higher grade based upon eligibility established under the provisions of Finance Bulletin No. 16, dated March 14, 1932. The date following each name is the expiration of eligi-

bility. This list will be used to fill vacancies occurring between January 1, 1936 and December 31, 1936.

Promotion to Master Sergeant

1. Roy C. Elliott, Dec. 31, 1936.
2. Elbert L. Thomson, Dec. 31, 1936.
3. William L. Moore, Dec. 31, 1936.
4. Mitt Seely, Dec. 31, 1936.
5. Wesley S. Herrick, Dec. 31, 1936.
6. Charles L. Jones, Dec. 31, 1936.
7. Jerome A. Vanderbeke, Dec. 31, 1936.
8. Harry M. Snyder, Dec. 31, 1937.
9. Leo A. Beale, Dec. 31, 1938.
10. Harrison J. Hill, Dec. 31, 1938.
11. Daniel L. Mullaly, Dec. 31, 1938.
12. Lem N. Fields, Dec. 31, 1938.
13. Charles Gubisch, Dec. 31, 1936.
14. Roy Mosher, Dec. 31, 1936.
15. Wilfrid A. Cayer, Dec. 31, 1938.
16. Adolph J. Sachs, Dec. 31, 1938.
17. William C. Workinger, April 15, 1937.
18. Howard C. Loveland, Dec. 31, 1938.
19. Russell N. Shuck, Dec. 31, 1937.
20. Paul L. Rodgers, Dec. 31, 1937.
21. Mallie Johnson, Dec. 31, 1938.
22. Raymond H. Myers, Dec. 31, 1936.
23. Matthew B. Farley, Dec. 31, 1937.
24. Byron E. Engle, Dec. 31, 1937.
25. Paul R. Ludwig, Dec. 31, 1938.
26. Kenneth C. Barnes, Dec. 31, 1936.
27. William E. Johnson, Dec. 31, 1937.
28. Willard A. Whittet, Dec. 31, 1937.
29. Jose Fuentes, May 29, 1936.
30. Luther R. Storey, Dec. 31, 1936.
31. Arthur L. Toups, Dec. 31, 1938.
32. Arthur W. Bledsoe, Dec. 31, 1938.
33. Carl W. Stonefield, Dec. 31, 1938.
34. Lloyd M. Sparks, Dec. 31, 1937.
35. Samuel J. Taggart, Dec. 31, 1938.
36. Paul H. Lawrence, Dec. 31, 1937.
37. Norman D. Anderson, Dec. 31, 1938.
38. Carlos DeLima, Dec. 31, 1938.
39. Milton B. Hale, Dec. 31, 1938.
40. Edward J. Westerman, Dec. 31, 1938.

Promotion to Technical Sergeant

1. Julio C. Banda, Dec. 31, 1938.
2. Walter P. Lang, Dec. 31, 1936.
3. Everett J. Hogan, Dec. 31, 1938.
4. Victor L. Hansen, Dec. 31, 1936.
5. Maurice Edelman, Dec. 31, 1938.
6. Harry C. Fraser, Dec. 31, 1938.
7. Ralph F. Friedenthal, Dec. 31, 1937.
8. Ernest Kemp, Dec. 31, 1937.
9. Donald M. Forney, Dec. 31, 1938.
10. Arthur S. Kinsman, Dec. 31, 1938.
11. Herman M. Flx, Dec. 31, 1936.
12. Homer M. Terrell, April 14, 1938.
13. George D. Chapman, Dec. 31, 1936.
14. Roy W. Bartlett, Dec. 31, 1938.
15. William C. Fuller, Dec. 31, 1938.
16. Raymond M. St. Clair, Dec. 31, 1938.
17. Edmund L. Druskin, Dec. 31, 1938.
18. Leon B. Moye, Dec. 31, 1937.
19. John E. Stewart, Dec. 31, 1937.
20. George E. Gross, Dec. 31, 1937.
21. Kelly L. Brazier, Dec. 31, 1938.
22. James H. Kennedy, Dec. 31, 1938.
23. Paul S. Espenshade, Dec. 31, 1938.
24. Aubrey J. Holt, Dec. 31, 1938.
25. Carl J. Melnick, Dec. 31, 1936.
26. Edward Lucey, Dec. 31, 1938.
27. Omer O. Ballard, Dec. 31, 1937.
28. Olin T. Hinkley, Dec. 31, 1938.
29. Warren Lantz, Dec. 31, 1938.
30. Edward Fortress, Dec. 31, 1937.
31. Thomas H. Finkle, Dec. 31, 1938.
32. John T. Cox, Dec. 31, 1938.
33. Robert B. McKay, Dec. 31, 1938.
34. Valentine A. Rutherford, Dec. 31, 1938.
35. James F. Greer, Dec. 31, 1938.

Promotion to Staff Sergeant

1. Leon S. Barwick, Dec. 31, 1936.
2. Fred Murray, Dec. 31, 1936.
3. Charles A. Hurst, Dec. 31, 1936.
4. Donald W. Ingraham, Dec. 31, 1936.
5. John R. Laughlin, Dec. 31, 1936.
6. Bryan C. Wilson, Dec. 31, 1936.
7. Donald A. Lewis, Dec. 31, 1936.
8. John F. Bradley, Dec. 31, 1936.
9. Milburn Tredway, Dec. 31, 1936.
10. William E. Moore, Dec. 31, 1936.
11. Mae E. Morris, Dec. 31, 1936.
12. Raymond L. Dwyer, Dec. 31, 1936.
13. Russell A. Lockwood, Dec. 31, 1936.
14. Jesse A. Shealy, Dec. 31, 1936.
15. Laurence K. Homan, Dec. 31, 1936.
16. Nile C. Schau, Dec. 31, 1936.
17. Lloyd Burton, Dec. 31, 1936.

18. Jose Clinton, Dec. 31, 1936.
19. Clarence C. Neely, Dec. 31, 1936.
20. Flinns O. Donaldson, Dec. 31, 1936.
21. Warren J. Ford, Dec. 31, 1936.
22. Robert B. Lester, May 28, 1936.
23. Luther A. Poole, Dec. 31, 1936.
24. Thomas W. Weiss, Dec. 31, 1936.
25. Hoyett Adams, Dec. 31, 1936.
26. James E. Hinton, Dec. 31, 1936.
27. William W. Moffett, Dec. 31, 1936.
28. Russell C. Lowrey, Dec. 31, 1936.
29. James S. Hissong, Dec. 31, 1936.
30. Robert J. Meier, Dec. 31, 1936.
31. Phillip Anderson, Dec. 31, 1936.
32. Jack C. Thompson, Dec. 31, 1936.
33. Frank A. Matuzak, Dec. 31, 1936.
34. Bob E. Stewart, Dec. 31, 1936.
35. Charles A. Cohen, Dec. 31, 1936.
36. Gatlin E. Bogard, Dec. 31, 1936.
37. Sam E. Bignell, Dec. 31, 1936.
38. Arles H. Miller, May 28, 1936.
39. Richard R. Flight, Dec. 31, 1936.
40. William L. Boyd, Dec. 31, 1936.
41. Wayland G. Turner, Dec. 31, 1936.
42. Raymond T. McCallister, Dec. 31, 1936.
43. George A. Bringman, Dec. 31, 1936.
44. Steve J. Sabo, Dec. 31, 1936.
45. George I. Van Wie, Dec. 31, 1936.
46. Robert C. Davis, Dec. 31, 1936.
47. Edward Levin, Dec. 31, 1936.
48. George F. Wandres, Dec. 31, 1936.
49. James G. O'Rourke, Dec. 31, 1936.
50. George W. Beals, Dec. 31, 1936.
51. Walter Troolin, Dec. 31, 1936.
52. Stephen Hill, Dec. 31, 1936.
53. Charles W. Farnum, Dec. 31, 1936.
54. Edgar R. Poe, Dec. 31, 1936.
55. Raymond A. Mislock, Dec. 31, 1936.
56. Wilburn K. Akin, Dec. 31, 1936.
57. Harold H. Williams, Dec. 31, 1936.
58. Clarence E. Stettler, Dec. 31, 1936.
59. James M. Bellw, Dec. 31, 1936.
60. Cesario Reguera, May 28, 1936.
61. Lucien H. Rene, Dec. 31, 1936.
62. Frank M. Baumgartner, Dec. 31, 1936.
63. Richard Harris, Dec. 31, 1936.
64. Charles Lulor, Dec. 31, 1936.
65. James G. Boland, Dec. 31, 1936.
66. Gilbert W. Nell, Dec. 31, 1936.
67. John P. Kelly, Dec. 31, 1936.
68. Reynolds C. Gross, Dec. 31, 1936.
69. James T. Needham, Dec. 31, 1936.
70. Arthur A. Stiefel, Dec. 31, 1936.
71. George H. Connell, Dec. 31, 1936.
72. Clifton W. Nelson, Dec. 31, 1936.
73. Roger R. Dooley, Dec. 31, 1936.
74. Phillip Schrankel, Dec. 31, 1936.
75. Marion R. Hogue, Dec. 31, 1936.
76. Norman R. Giles, Dec. 31, 1936.
77. Ozro Keeton, Dec. 31, 1936.
78. John T. Wanat, Dec. 31, 1936.

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Marines Celebrate Birthday

High tribute was paid to the "efficient indispensability" of the Marine Corps at its 100th birthday celebration, Nov. 10 by Maj. Gen. James G. Harbord, USA-Ret., a commander of the Marine Brigade during the World War.

General Harbord, together with the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Col. Henry L. Roosevelt, USMCR, and Maj. Gen. John H. Russell, Commandant of the Corps, spoke over a coast-to-coast radio network last Sunday which featured the anniversary ceremonies. Celebrations were held at Marine stations throughout the world and official recognition was granted the day in many localities.

At Philadelphia, Marines from the Navy Yard donned costumes of Revolutionary War days and reenacted the recruiting of the first battalion of Marines on the site of the old Tun Tavern where the Corps was born in 1775. Parades were held in New York City, Boston, and New Orleans, and the Governors of five states, New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Connecticut, and Massachusetts issued proclamations setting aside the day. At Quantico, the new Officers' Club was dedicated with General Russell and other Marine Corps officials on hand. One of the features of the ceremonies occurred when the Commandant cut with his sword a 100 pound birthday cake.

The radio program also included an address by a former officer of the Corps, Capt. A. J. Cincotta, representing the Marine Corps League, selections by the Marine Corps Band and a few words from the new recruit, Buck Private William S. Smith.

"Those of us old enough to remember world events of the years since Dewey's victory in Manila Bay need no reminder of the efficient indispensability of the United States Marine Corps," General Harbord said.

"Through the stretch of historic years

since that November day four months after the Declaration of Independence, when the Marine Corps was born, there has never been a question of its intelligent adequacy for any of the thousand emergencies it has met and settled. Around no other unit in our Government clusters such a wealth of tradition, such a glamour of historic romance founded on fact. No other organization under our flag has it in such steadfast quality, loyalty, and pride.

"In the long span of one hundred and sixty years of life, the three months—in many respects the proudest of my long service—in which I commanded the Marine Brigade in the World War, are but a brief moment. But they were a crowded moment, for in it the Marines stood at the Bois de Belleau between the Germans and Paris; and fought in the great Soissons offensive of July 18-19, 1918, which historians acknowledge to have been the turning point of the World War.

"Nations, like individuals, change in their needs, in their standards, in their policies. These are troubled times. No man can say what the years may bring forth. But I can conceive of no situation that may arise in peace or war, no crisis, no policy, in which the United States Marine Corps will not bear a proud part for our country."

Assistant Secretary Roosevelt said in part: "The marines are proud of the Corps' long and splendid record of service to the American people, and they have reason to be proud. The words of their song that begins—From the Halls of Montezuma to the Shores of Tripoli—are not empty words. Wherever our flag has gone, the marines have gone with it. The missions assigned to them have been as various as the climates where they have served. They have seen all the climates, and done all sorts of jobs. And they have done them well. On these achievements they base their traditions. * * *

"These traditions, preserved in the annals of the nation, lay upon us the obligation to be worthy of the gallant and devoted men who went before us, and the obligation, also in our service, to pass these traditions on, untarnished, for the men who will come after us. We finish our details and go; but the Corps is immortal. It began with our nation. It will stand while the nation endures."

Recalling the birth of the Marines and the Navy in 1775-76, General Russell said: "In our own day the Congress, like the Continental Congress of a century and a half ago, realizing the importance of a navy strong enough to protect the national interests, has made provision for increasing the Navy to the strength authorized by the Washington and London treaties. The Marine Corps, in order to fulfill its functions as a part of the Navy, must also be proportionally expanded in size. The Marine Corps has grown with the Navy in the past, and it must grow with the Navy in the future.

"Its record is as distinguished as that of any military organization in the world. The ancient marine tradition is one of devotion to duty and willing self-sacrifice. I have complete confidence that the Marines of the future will well sustain the high reputation for steadfast courage and unsullied honor that has been handed down to us by our predecessors."

Air Corps Cooperative Missions

Instead of giving mandatory priority to Air Corps training, the War Department has issued instructions placing upon Corps Area and Department commanders the responsibility for deciding between Air Corps and cooperative missions in the use of craft under their control.

An Adjutant General's letter now being distributed quotes the old letter on the subject which stated:

"3. In arranging for tow target work for anti-aircraft defenses priority will be given

to carrying out the War Department's instructions for Air Corps training, heavier-than-air."

This paragraph is now rescinded and the following substituted:

"3. Available airplanes under Corps Area or Department control may not always be adequate for complete accomplishment of prescribed Air Corps training, heavier-than-air, and for the towing missions required for anti-aircraft artillery units. In such cases, decision as to use of available airplanes to achieve most satisfactory results in training of both Air Corps and anti-aircraft artillery units will be made by Corps Area and Department Commanders."

Stratosphere Flight

Success came to the Army-National Geographic Society Stratosphere fliers when they soared their balloon "Explorer" to a new world record of approximately 74,000 feet above the earth.

With Capt. Albert W. Stevens, AC, USA, and Capt. Orvil A. Anderson, AC, USA, in the air tight gondola the Explorer took off from Rapid City, S. D., the morning of Nov. 11 and that afternoon landed gently in the plains near White Lake, S. D., a ground distance of 230 miles.

The fliers came to Washington Nov. 14 where they were received by General Malin Craig, Chief of Staff, and by President Roosevelt.

Army Mutual Aid Association

New members: Lt. Percy H. Lash, Jr., Maj. Lewis E. Reigner, Capt. George R. Schiters, Lt. William P. Ennis, Jr., Capt. Harold L. Milan, Lt. Col. Charles A. Walker, Maj. Frank C. De Langton, Capt. Winfield W. Scott and Cadets Rowland D. Wolfe, Jr., and George P. Winton, Jr.

Honors General Craig

The District of Columbia Chapter of the Military Order of the World War honored General Malin Craig, Chief-of-Staff of the Army, at luncheon given Thursday, Nov. 14. Brig. Gen. Perry L. Miles, USA, commander of the 16th Brigade and commander of the chapter, presided and introduced the Chief of Staff.

General Craig praised the Order for its work in behalf of National Defense and its origination of and sponsorship of Army Day. The General dwelt particularly on the importance of the order and other patriotic societies toward maintaining the ideals of Americanism and combating subversive propaganda. He pledged the cooperation of the War Department in their efforts.

Col. Harry B. Jordan, commandant of the Army Industrial College, addressed the Chapter on the subject of industrial preparedness.

Maryland Chief of Staff

Annapolis, Md.—Brig. Gen. J. P. B. Clayton Hill, The Assistant Adjutant General of Maryland, has been designated as Chief of Staff of the Governor's Staff, and the following named officers, in addition to their other duties, detailed as Aides to the Governor of Maryland:

Brig. Gen. J. Craig McLanahan, Col. John Markey, Inf., Col. Amos W. W. Woodcock, Inf., Lt. Col. George Henderson, Inf., Lt. Col. Elmer F. Munshower, Inf., Lt. Col. Harry C. Ruhl, Inf., Maj. Matthew C. Fenton, Jr., FA, Capt. Stanley E. Hartman, JAGD, Capt. William C. Baxter, Inf., and Capt. William C. Purnell, Inf.

Charges Former Soldier

Charged with false pretenses, Isaac Brown, colored, was held under \$1,000 bond in Police Court in Washington, D. C., this week after Col. P. B. Peyton, Inf., GSC, said the former soldier had defrauded him of "more than \$300."

Colonel Peyton charged Brown obtained the money by impersonating Capt. Noah Brinson on the telephone and requesting loans to help Brown or an Army sergeant both knew out of trouble. Believing it was Captain Brinson who had called, Colonel Peyton said he turned the money over to Brown when he called for it. This happened many times, Colonel Peyton declared.

SCHOOL DIRECTORY

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